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THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.



Port Almanac—March 13.

Sun Rises	6.14 A M
Sun Sets	6.06 P M
Day's Length	11 h 39 m
High Water at Southport	3.39 A M
High Water at Wilmington	5.12 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU.
WILMINGTON, N. C., March 13.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 64°; 8 p. m., 64°; maximum, 70°; minimum, 58°; mean, 63°.

Rainfall for the day, .22; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .49.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., March 11.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 21.4 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair, preceded by showers on the coast; colder, northerly winds.

OUTLINES.

A Cabinet meeting decides that strict neutrality laws will be observed in regard to Cuba. —— Mrs. Ruiz, widow of Dr. Ruiz, who was murdered in a Spanish prison in Cuba, called upon Secretary Sherman by appointment. —— R. G. Dun & Co. report the gain in business as nearly devoid of elements which involve unsoundness and probable reaction. —— Hugh Campbell, secretary of a savings and loan association at Indianapolis, Ind., voluntarily confesses to embezzlement and is sentenced to two years' imprisonment. —— The discovery of a clause in a bill passed by the Indiana Legislature prohibits *convict contract labor.* —— *Amicable agreement between Turkey and Greece is possible.* —— Fifteen thousand troops are on the frontier awaiting the signal from Greece to rise against the Sultan's Government. —— There were 256 business failures in the United States the past week. —— A suit brought at Trenton, N. J., to annul the charter of the American Tobacco Company resulted in a victory for the Company. —— The expected increase of duties under a new tariff causes New York merchants to withdraw goods from bond. —— It is stated that the Turkish Government will seek to enter into negotiations with the United States Government for the purchase of two or three ironclads. —— The wholesale grocery house of Toleman & Co., Chicago, was destroyed by fire; loss $350,000. —— A train on the Plant system broke the 100-mile record, running at the rate of 72 miles an hour. —— A destructive fire occurred at Quitman Ga., burning out seventeen business enterprises and causing a loss of $30,000. —— A severe storm is raging in the West; railroad traffic is blockaded and business is at a standstill in some sections; the snow is from five to ten feet deep in some localities. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1½@2 per cent., last loan at 2 per cent., closing offered at 2 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 7¾c; Southern flour quiet and unchanged—common to fair extra $3 20@3 50, good to choice $3 60@4 00; wheat—spot dull, opened weaker and closed firmer, No. 2 red free on board 82¾c; corn—spot dull and firm, No. 2 29½c at elevator and 30½c afloat; rosin—strained common to good $1 65@1 70; spirits turpentine quiet and unchanged at 29½@30c.

McKinley made his entry in sunshine. Propably he may make his exit under a cloud.

The fork was invented 900 years ago, but there are a good many people who have not yet learned when and how to use it.

Senator Wolcott, the returned bimetallic missionary, has met Mr. McKinley and now Mr. McKinley, too, feels bimetallically "hopeful."

France will go slow in coercing Greece. The probabilities are that is what they will all do when they think over it, and think of the racket they may brew by going fast.

Fitzsimmons has again dreamed that he had knocked Corbett out. Fitz isn't an Irishman or he might remember about "dreams going by contraries," and not dream so much.

Mrs. Kaiser, of Jefferson township, Ill., who was born on the day when Washington was elected the first time, gave her 108th birthday party the day that McKinley was inaugurated.

Mr. John Russell Young has been writing something about "How Presidents Are Made." It is to be presumed that he consulted Mark Hanna, who is pretty good authority on that subject.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LIX.—NO. 145. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,136

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

There is a big racket in the province of Bahia, Brazil, between the negro dupes of a negro who claims to be Christ, pretends to work miracles, and teaches that the people must obey him and not the civil authorities. They became lawless, and an attempt to make them recognize the authority of the Government has resulted in an insurrection that has spread pretty well through the province.

At a recent reception by the President, an aged lady, who was patiently waiting her turn to shake Mr. McKinley's hand, lifted it to her lips and kissed it. That's all. She walked on apparently well satisfied. Mr. McKinley "smiled and said nothing." Why, what could he have said? There was nothing to say but to let the old lady pass on.

Lee Person, the colored Solon from Edgecombe county, rises to express the opinion that the negro will be cheated out of the Eastern Insane Asylum. If, after all the negro has been cheated by the Republican party, he expects him to get anything worth having, Lee ought to be in that or some other asylum.

If this thing keeps on bachelors will have to pool their issues for common defence. No less than three States have proposed to levy a tax on them to force them to marry; and one Solon in Kansas insisted on consigning them to jail if they persisted in going it alone.

The liar is at large in Mexico. That dispatch about the outcry against Americans and demands to retake at the "cannon's mouth" the territory "stolen" from Mexico by the United States, was a fake pure and simple, and a very stupid fake, too.

If Mr. McKinley undertakes to examine all the applications for office he has a Summer's job before him. There are already on his desk 5,000 applications for 400 places, and the returns from Ohio are not all in yet.

During Cleveland's administration many of the Republican papers talked jingo very loudly. The probabilities are that henceforth they will vent their eloquence in some other way.

A contemporary, speaking of ex-President Cleveland and ex-Senator Hill, remarks that they retired at the same time. They were retired, but as they are out it doesn't make much difference.

A club of Baltimore women has been found who say they will wear short skirts in rainy weather. Sensible women.

Dr. Nansen, the pole hunter, is a successful old clothes man. He sold one of the old suits he wore for $5,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARD—Of thanks.
NOTICE—Of city election.
MEETING—Dem. Co. Ex. Com.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—Lady or gentleman.
J. S. MCEACHERN—Timothy hay.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Wm. Weeks, of Southport, is in the city.

— Mr. E. M. Love, of Hamlet, was here yesterday.

— Geo. Rountree, Esq., returned from Raleigh last night.

— Mr. A. C. Moore, of Currie, was observed on our streets yesterday.

— Mr. W. M. Dixon, of Brunswick county, was here yesterday.

— Mr. S. D. Bradford, of Southport, was one of yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. E. W. Myers, U. S. G. S., was among hotel signatures yesterday.

— Mr. D. L. Flours, of Johnson county, was registered here yesterday.

— Mrs. R. A. Watts, of Goldsboro, was a hotel registration yesterday.

— Mr. A. J. Floyd, of Ashpole, was among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— Mr. J. F. Register, of Trio, S. C., was among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— Mr. Haynes Hinson, postmaster at Vineland, was a visitor at this office yesterday.

— Mr. N. A. McKeithan and Miss B. Williams, of Wadesboro, were among yesterday's hotel registrations.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Schooner *Jno. R. Halliday*, Capt. Moore, is reported off bar at Southport.

— Mr. Daniel Glisson is now assisting Mr. W. McEvans, the collector for the STAR.

— The schooner *Wm. H. Shubert*, Capt. Henderson, put in at Southport yesterday for harbor.

— Shad were more than usually plentiful yesterday. Buck sold for 80 cents per pair; roe, 60 cents.

— A meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee is called for to-night at 7.30 o'clock at the office of Mr. W. B. McKoy.

— Mrs. Eliza R. Daggett returns thanks to Chief Newman, the firemen and her many friends for their efforts in saving her property from fire yesterday morning.

— Lottie Foy, colored, was before Justice McGowan yesterday charged with disorderly conduct. She was adjudged guilty, but was let off upon payment of costs.

— Mr. W. McEvans, of this city, received a telegram yesterday from Magnolia informing him of the serious illness of his only sister, Mrs. Wm. Whaley, in that place.

— A one-story frame house on Queen street, between Front and Surry, owned by Mrs. A. P. McClammy, caught fire yesterday morning, but the flames were soon extinguished.

— The Republican primaries will be held next Tuesday night. Mr. F. B. Rice, chairman of the Republican County Executive Committee, issued a call to that effect yesterday.

— The STAR learns from Chairman H. McL. Green that the primaries will be held on Friday night, March 19th, instead of Tuesday, as published in its issue of yesterday morning. The call will be made in due time.

— Cards with numbers and locations of all the fire-alarm boxes in the city may be had free of charge at the STAR office. These cards are of convenient size, being small enough to be carried in the vest pocket or pocketbook.

— Mr. W. A. Farriss has his ice cream parlors now in "full blast." The entire STAR force will vouch for the fine quality and excellence of the cream, for they were the recipients last night of a waiter ladened with it, and for which they return many thanks to Mr. Farriss.

— Young men will find a cordial welcome and a profitable Bible study at the meeting at the Young Men's Christian Association building to-morrow afternoon, Sunday, at 3.30. The meeting lasts half an hour, and is a pleasant gathering. Good music is a feature.

OPERA HOUSE.

Edison's "Projectoscope" Next Monday Night.

The following incident is graphically illustrated by the wonderful "Projectoscope," which will be seen at the Opera House next week:

A farmer from one of the rural districts thought he would pay a visit to this city and take in the sights; to combine business with pleasure he loaded his wagon with cabbage, intending to sell the same to one of our commission merchants. While he was driving up the main street, another wagon, driven by a negro, undertook to pass him instead of taking plenty of room, which he had; he ran squarely against the rear end of the farmer's wagon, breaking his hind wheel off and scattering the contents all over the street. The farmer, thinking a great wrong had been done him, jumps from his wagon catches hold of the negro and undertakes to wipe up the street with him. Had it not been for the interference of a few passers-by the farmer would have received the worst of the bargain. The above scene was photographed by the Edison people and will be reproduced at the Opera House next Monday evening, when Edison's Projectoscope will start a week's engagement. Admission, 10, 20 and 30 cents. Reserved seats now on sale at Gerken's.

Arrangements will possibly be made to announce the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight by rounds from the stage at the Wednesday matinee.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—18 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine 2 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—27 bales cotton, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 33 bbls rosin, 39 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—23 casks spirits turpentine, 105 bbls rosin, 64 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R. R.—71 bales cotton, 78 casks spirits turpentine, 54 bbls rosin.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—69 bbls rosin, 43 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 111 bales; spirits turpentine, 121 casks; rosin, 260 bbls; tar, 147 bbls; crude turpentine, 9 bbls.

Conductor W. L. Harlow Hurt.

Yesterday afternoon as the southbound train on the W., C. & A. Railroad neared Fair Bluff an altercation occurred between Conductor W. L. Harlow, who had charge of the train, and a half-drunken negro named Frank Merritt, an employe at the factory of the Navassa Guano Company. Merritt hit Conductor Harlow in the face with a bottle, inflicting several painful wounds. He then jumped off the train and made his escape. One of the train crew shot at Merritt three times, but did not hit him.

On and after to-day we will have ice cream, and any cream bought of us not giving entire satisfaction money will be refunded. Very respectfully, the Palace Bakery. †

BACK TAX LAW.

Opinions of Lawyers as to How It Will Affect Suits Already Instituted.

The repeal of chapter 182 of the Acts of the General Assemby of 1895, briefly noted in the STAR Thursday, which provided for the collection of arrears of taxes in the city of Wilmington, has caused considerable comment as to what effect the repealing of this act will have on the different suits already instituted. At the last term of the Superior Court there were about eighty-two cases on the docket, only one of which was disposed of. This one was carried up to the Supreme Court, and, of course, the repealing of the act of 1895 will have no bearing on it. In regard to the other suits as to what effect the repeal would have on them, a STAR representative interviewed E. K. Bryan, Esq., and Herbert McClammy, Esq., who appeared for the city of Wilmington in the tax cases, and also Col T. W. Strange and Jno. D. Bellamy, Esq., who represented the defendants in several of the actions.

Col. Strange said: "The repeal of the act of 1895 will stop further action in the back tax cases already instituted, for the Legislature having created they have the right to destroy, and did destroy. Before the passage of the act of 1895 there was no way after the expiration of three years to collect the tax, and therefore the 1895 act being abolished further procedure is stopped."

John D. Bellamy, Esq., said the city would be barred from further action and gave as his reason about in substance as that of Col. Strange.

E. K. Bryan, Esq., said if the repeal of the act of 1895 barred the city they would then probably proceed under the general revenue law of 1895.

Herbert McClammy, Esq., when asked what effect the repealing of the act of 1895 would have on the suits instituted, said:

"None at all. The Legislature has many privileges guaranteed to it under the Constitution, but I am unable to find any authority giving it a right to legislate a litigant out of court. These suits have been instituted to recover this tax, and they will be tried. The Supreme Court has decided (in Moore vs. Byrd, in the 118th Report) that the only way to defeat a recovering under a tax deed is by showing that the property assessed for taxation is not liable for the same, or that the tax has been paid.' And instead of pursuing the remedy given by statute as to those who have not been sued, I am of the opinion that we will proceed under the decision in the case in the 118th Report and institute suits for the recovery of the property under the tax deed made to the city."

CITY ELECTION.

Registration Begins To-day—The Right of the Governor to Appoint Aldermen the Prevailing Topic of Conversation.

Registration for the coming city election begins to day. Those who have not previously complied with the law as to registering in their respective wards will have to go through all necessary procedures to gain the privilege of casting a ballot on next Thursday week.

But the privilege of voting at this election will be only "half a loaf" at least, owing to the recent legislative enactment providing for the appointment of five aldermen by the Governor.

The right of local self-government is no less dear to the voters of this city than to other American citizens, and our people are smarting under the legislation which robs their ballot of half its power.

The matter was the prevailing topic of conversation yesterday. It is held, and seemingly rightly held, that the measure is unconstitutional—an opinion which is entertained by some of the best legal talent in the city. At any rate a very interesting question is opened, namely, how far shall the State go in the direction of the affairs of the cities within its bounds?

It Pays to Advertise.

There are different ends which the advertiser has in view when he inserts an advertisement in his local paper. Sometimes he advertises in order to keep his name before the public, or, if he is a new man, to get his name before the public. And then frequently there is some special line to which he wishes to call attention.

In either case it will pay advertisers to patronize the columns of the STAR. That an ad. in the STAR will give publicity to the advertiser and the article advertised the large circulation of the paper guarantees. And it must not be forgotten that an excellent use to make of advertising is to call attention to special bargains. Yesterday morning an ad. appeared in this paper costing about 15 or 20 cents. A single insertion paved the way for a 40-dollar transaction.

Election of Officers.

At a regular meeting of Tar Heel Conclave, No. 375, Improved Order Heptasophs, last night, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: C. Oscar Byerly, Past Archon; Capt. John Cowan, Archon; E. Pozolt, Provost; W. M. Hankins, Prelate; H. M. Foard, Secretary; W. C. Peterson, Financier; Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr, 3rd, Treasurer; J. R. Boyd, Inspector; J. P. Hopewell, Warden; C. D. Foard, Sentinel; W. H. Green, Allison Alderman and H. M. Foard, Trustees.

This order is in a flourishing condition in spite of the prevailing financial crisis. Its membership has increased over 25 per cent. during the past year.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Fresh arrival of those Honey Velvet Nugitines. Come before they are all gone. At Palace Bakery. †

RALEIGH NEWS LETTER.

GOVERNOR'S RIGHT TO APPOINT NEW DIRECTORS DOUBTFUL.

Harry Skinner Ostracised by Populist Members of Congress—Bill Making Usual Appropriation to Soldiers' Home Failed to Pass.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 12.

Private Secretary Alexander tells me this morning that Governor Russell will appoint a new board of directors of the North Carolina Railway to represent the State at an early date, and that he is only waiting to select a complete list of directors.

Whether Governor Russell has a right to name a new board of directors is a question which the courts must determine. Certain it is that the old directors will not willingly retire at the Governor's command, when their term of office has not expired. The private stockholders will act with the present directors. "Who is who" is a matter that the courts will have to settle.

State Senator George Butler says that Congressman Skinner has been ostracized by the Populist members of the House and Senate in Washington. He says that Skinner has not attended a Populist caucus of the national representatives since he caused the bolt in North Carolina. Mr. Butler says that Congressman Skinner could not enter the caucus if he desired to do so. "None of the bolters in our State nor any of their sympathizers will be allowed to participate in any of our meetings or caucuses. If they do we will expel or put them out."

Speaker Hileman says he was simply jesting when he raised the question in the presence of the Auditor and the Attorney General as to whether he was not entitled to $6 *per diem* as Speaker and $4 as a Representative.

It now develops that the bill making the usual appropriation to the Soldiers' Home failed to go through.

Laid to Rest.

A sadder or more touching scene than that of the funeral of young Thos. C. James, who died Thursday morning, has seldom been witnessed. The services were held at St. John's Episcopal Church, and as the remains were borne up the aisle by those who had been dear to him as friends, followed by loved ones, it seemed hard to realize that Tom James was no more. Rev. F. N. Skinner, pastor of St. Paul's Church, conducted the service, assisted by Rev. James Carmichael, D. D. From the church the remains were tenderly carried and interred in that beautiful "city of the dead"—Oakdale cemetery. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Chas. Hill, W. C. Crow, Henry McFarlane, Thos. Myers, Creatt Angel and James Catchett.

Adulteration of Spirits Turpentine.

The following is the bill which passed the Legislature in regard to the adulteration of spirits turpentine:

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

SECTION 1. That any person or persons who shall adulterate or cause to be adulterated any spirits turpentine, or who shall sell or offer for sale as pure spirits turpentine any adulterated spirits turpentine, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars, or imprisoned for thirty days, or both, at the discretion of the court, for each and every offence.

Registrars Sworn In.

Justice of the Peace F. B. Rice last night, at the City Hall, swore in the following registrars for the coming election: First Ward, upper division, W. McEvans; First Ward, lower division, Isaiah West; Second Ward, B. T. French; Third Ward, Stephen A. Craig; Fourth Ward, Wm. H. Lane; Fifth Ward, Gaston Hill.

Loss Covered by Insurance.

The loss by fire on dwelling and furniture of Mrs. W. T. Daggett, partly destroyed by fire yesterday morning, was fully covered by insurance. The furniture was insured for $3,000 with agency of Dr. W. W. Harriss. The dwelling was insured with agency of Willard & Giles for $3,000, with Mr. F. H. Stedman for $1,000.

Funeral of the Late John Canady.

The funeral of the late John Canady took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence on Seventh street between Queen and Wooster. Rev. Mr. Wallace, pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian Chapel, officiated. The pall-bearers were Messrs. J. W. Harvey, Sylvestus Bryant, B. R. King and Henry Cotton.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunningim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 7.45 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Class meeting at 7.00 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Market Street M. E. Church, next to corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. T. H. Sutton, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7.30 p. m.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H. Hoge, pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Young people's prayer meeting at 7.30 in the primary room. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8 p. m. Seats free.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sabbath School at 3.30 p. m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8.00 p. m. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m and 8 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A Card.

WE DESIRE TO THANK THE FIREMEN for saving our residences from destruction by fire on yesterday morning.

W. R. KENAN,
C. H. ROBINSON,
DAVID G. WORTH.

mar 13 1t

Notice.

MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE Committee. The members of the Executive Committee will meet at the office of W. B. McKoy to-night at 7.30 o'clock.

H. McL. GREEN,
Chairman.

mar 13 1t

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a meeting of the Wilmington Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, held on the first day of March, 1897, the undersigned committee were appointed to draft resolutions on the death of our brother Fireman E. W. Moore, who departed this life on the 9th day of January, 1897.

WHEREAS, It has pleased God in His allwise providence to sever by death in a distant city the ties that bound our late comrade, E. W. Moore, to the Wilmington Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, and whereas, in thus removing him suddenly from our midst we have lost a member that was ever ready to respond to the call of duty; therefore be it

Resolved, That while we bow with submission to the will of our Heavenly Father, yet we desire to place on record our estimation of his qualities as a fireman and his devotion to his friends. His bravery in the discharge of hazardous undertakings was commendable in the extreme, and is worthy of emulation by those who come after him.

Resolved, That we extend our sympathies to his widowed mother and relatives, and that these resolutions be recorded as a memorial on the minute books of the company.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family and published in the columns of the daily papers.

H. B. PESCHAU,
E. J. WOODWARD,
B. R. VICK,
Committee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY, MARCH 15TH,

and entire week

EDISON'S PROJECTOSCOPE,

Producing Life Size Animated Pictures.

The Wizard's Latest Invention.

Producing 40 Pictures per second. Popular prices—10c, 20c and 30 cents. Reserve seats on sale at Gerken's Saturday morning.

mar 13 3t

Notice of Election.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN Election will be held on THURSDAY, MARCH 25th, at the various polling places for the purpose of electing Aldermen from each of the five wards of the city. Voting precincts will be as follows:

Upper Division First Ward—At Wm. McEvans' office on Fourth street, between Bladen and Harnett.

Lower Division First Ward—Phœnix Engine House.

Second Ward—At old Court House.

Third Ward—Giblem Lodge.

Fourth Ward—At office near corner Front and Orange.

Fifth Ward—Cape Fear Engine House, on Sixth and Castle streets.

The following have been appointed as Registrars and Inspectors of Election:

FIRST WARD, UPPER DIVISION.

Registrar—W. McEvans.
Inspectors of Election—Mike Carroll, W. J. Beach, R. F. Holmes, S. Shiver.

FIRST WARD, LOWER DIVISION.

Registrar—Isaiah West.
Inspectors of Election—J. D. Orrell, F. T. Skipper, O. D. Telfair, George Dry.

SECOND WARD.

Registrar—B. T. French.
Inspectors of Election—C. E. Wood, R. K. Bryan, Jr., Washington McNeill, Chas. R. Mallett.

THIRD WARD.

Registrar—Stephen A. Craig.
Inspectors of Election—John R. Turrentine, Harry Hill, Julius Murray, Joseph Anderson.

FOURTH WARD.

Registrar—Wm. H. Lane.
Inspectors of Election—W. P. Oldham, W. F. Ketchum, Wm. Johnson, John McRae.

FIFTH WARD.

Registrar—Gaston Hill.
Inspectors of Election—Martin Daniel, Frank Swann, Wm. H. Dudley, Sr., Andrew J. Allen.

mar 13 2t

The Right Place.



When you want your horse shod you do not take him to a carpenter but to a horse shoer.

When you want to purchase a pair of Shoes you want to go to a Shoe Store. You can get your wants supplied at

The Excelsior Shoe Store

NEW STORE,

New Stock, Convenient.

Cor. Fourth and Campbell Sts.

mar 7 tf

NEW ARRIVALS AT A. D. BROWN'S,

Successor to Brown & Roddick,

No. 29 North Front St.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT—New importation of French, English weaves, from 50c to $1 per yard. The newest weaves for Skirts. "Broken Checks" at 50c per yard.

BLACK GOODS—Storm Serges at 40 and 60c per yard. Plain and Fancy Mohairs, Serges, Nun's Cloth, Broadcloths and Pattern Suits.

WASH GOODS—French Organdies, India Linens, Piques, Dimities, French Nainsooks, Persian Lawn and new Percales.

SILK DEPARTMENT—Pongees, Indias, Japs, Taffetas, Surahs, Bengalines, Satin Duchess, Colored Taffetas for Waist. Black Brocades in India Silk, Gros Grain and Satins, from 50c to $1.50.

FIBERINE—One case of Fiberine for lining at 10c per yard.

KID GLOVES—The best and largest line ever carried in the city comprising all the new spring shades.

CORSETS—R. & G., Warner's, Glove Fitting, C-B a la Sprite, Royal Worchester, French Wovens, Her Majesty's, Ferris Waists, Nazareth Waists.

UNDERWEAR—For Gentlemen and Ladies. We make a specialty of Children's Underwear.

HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT—CARPETS—Velvets, Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, in 8x10 wire; 3-ply All Wool Ingrains, 2-ply Extra Super Ingrains, Unions, Cotton Chains, Cocoa and Napier Mattings in ¾ and 4-4 widths.

RUGS—Wilton Velvets, Nubias, "Westmoreland" and "Crown" Smyrnas in all sizes, and Danten Jutes.

ART SQUARES—In 2 ply extra super all wool and Danten Jutes.

MATTINGS—200 rolls China and Japanese Mattings just received.

TAPESTRY—Chenille, Damask, Tapestry, and "Bagdad" Portiers, Tapestry Table Covers all sizes.

WINDOW SHADES—All Linen Window Shades at prices that will astonish you.

TRUNKS, TRUNKS, TRUNKS—The best line of Trunks we have ever carried. We have the "Packers" too. Oil Cloths and Linoleums any width. Small Hardware for house furnishing.

NOTIONS—Upholsteries, Draperies, Fringes, Screens, Lace Curtains, Plushes, Felts, Velours, Gimps, Crettones, Demins, Curtain Muslins, "Point de Sprez."

Mail Orders Given Special Attention.

feb 28 tf

Spring is Here,

THE BRIGHTEST SEASON OF the year, and it will bring gladness to many a heart. I for one am specially glad to see the season open up. We must change our wearing apparel, and I have already made lots of purchases for the Spring-tide. In Spring Dress Goods we have just received a very handsome line in new style Plaids and novelties of all the newest things of the season.

Beautiful Plaids in three styles at 15c a yard. A Plaid Check Dress Suiting for 5c. A very handsome line of Wool Plaids, 36 inches wide, at 25c a yard; a better all wool Shepherd Plaid, 40 inches wide, at 40c. A beautiful all wool Mohair in colors, very pretty, worth 50c, my price special 35c a yard. Best quality Danish Cloth at 10c. Fine Pique in colors, handsome Dress Goods, bought regular, worth 25c, my price in short lengths from 10 to 20 yards, 12½c.

Linen for Shirts and Waists—Heavy rough Shirt Linen at 12½c. Fine and thin for Waist Linen, 36 inches wide, 10c per yard. Beautiful Shirt Waist Silk at 25c. The best and prettiest line of Calicoes at 5c, all the Spring shades. Triumphant Percale, Persian, offered at 6c. 4-4 Percale, lovely styles, at 9c a yard. Sea Island Percale at 12½c.

MEN'S CLOTHING at bottom prices. Men's Odd Coats at $1.48 each, nice goods. Men's Suits, big value, at $1.98 a Suit, Worsted goods. Men's Black Cheviot, nicely made, at $2.87 a Suit. Men's pretty new style Plaid Suits worth $5.00, my price special $3.15. Men's black all wool Serge, pretty style, at $5.00, worth $7.00. Men's Blue Serge, handsome goods, worth regular $8.00, now $6.00. Fine Black Clay Worsted Suits, nicely made, pretty styles and nice goods at $7.00. Very fine nice and best quality Clay Worsted, worth regular price $12.00, my special price $8.00.

I have a nice line of Boy's Clothing very cheap. Boys' Suits at 68c a Suit. Better in black wool goods, from 5 to 9, at $1.00; from 10 to 14, at $1.35 a Suit; fine and better Suits from $2.00 to 3.50 a Suit. Men's Odd Pants made of good Jeans, nicely made, at 40c a pair. A big line of Pants from 50, 89, 75, 99c, $1.25 up to 3.00.

If you want a real nice pair of Pants cheap, or a handsome Suit of Clothes for a small amount, come in my store and bring this advertisement, and if we do not fit you up and please you in quality and price we will try.

Call and see us at 119 North Front street, opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,

mar 7 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

STILL A COMIN'.

New Goods In Every Department.

Silk and Wool Novelty Dress Goods, the latest product of the mills. We have them in the newest designs from 25 to 59 cents.

The "Broken Plaids" are just the thing, quite a line of them in 18, 25, 38 and 50 cents.

Our Black Goods Department is full of good things. Mohairs, plain and figured, Cashmeres, Henriettas, Dre' tetes and Serges of every kind.

Percales and Calicoes are especially pretty, the designs are strictly new, the prices too low. We cannot enumerate all the new goods that are arriving daily. Among them are Mattings, Rugs, Carpets, Hats, Shoes, Clothing, &c. Call and see them.

Car Fare Refunded on Purchases of $2.00 and upwards.

Look out for the Grand Shoe Display at our Store this week.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 218.

mar 7 tf

OUR "COMFORT" HEATERS

—WITH—

CAST TOP AND BASE,

ARE THE BEST AND MOST

Lasting Stoves On The Market.

The proof of this is our large sales of these goods. Our line of COOKING STOVES are equal to any. We also have a fine assortment of OIL STOVES. Our prices are based on the quality of goods we handle.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. jan 3 tf

The Surest Road to Fortune is Economy.

The way to learn economy is to commence saving, and the place for your savings is at the WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST Co., where you will get 4 per cent. on your deposits.

Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $6,000.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. GEO. SLOAN, Cashier.

mar 9 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $125,000. Surplus $62,500.

Prompt and accurate attention given to all business, special attention to out of town accounts. All customers desiring to borrow on good security supplied at lowest rates.

Safety Deposit Boxes to rent in the strongest vault in this section.

feb 21 tf

AT THE "UNLUCKY CORNER"

This Week

RAW LAGUYRA COFFEE,

DRIED LIMA BEANS,

CORNED BEEF.

Prices right.

S. W. SANDERS.

mar 7 tf

March, April and May.

"If you aint got 'em you might have 'em,' and one ounce of prevention is worth tons of cure.

CORNEAUS'

Bed Bug Interceptic

does the work quickly, quietly and pleasantly.

JAMES D. NUTT, Pharmacist,

mar 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 13

IT WAS UNFORTUNATE.

The Raleigh *News and Observer* quotes Governor Russell as saying that it was unfortunate that the Senate defeated the lease bill, and that the State was thus deprived of a great deal of revenue, which would increase the school fund and reduce taxes. Whatever the motives of Governor Russell may have been in fighting that lease and in endeavoring to secure its annulment, we believe he was right, for whatever the motives of the directors may have been in making it we do not believe that any body of honest, intelligent, sensible men in such an important matter ever entered into such a stupid contract. There never was up to that time a more unbusiness-like transaction, as far as the State was concerned, than the first lease in 1871, when the road was paying handsomely under very indifferent management, was leased for a term of thirty years at six per cent. on its capital stock. But this lease was even more unbusiness like than that and isn't half as excusable or defensible as that was, for we were then in a sort of transition state and had not entirely recovered from the partial paralysis of the war and the subsequent ordeal of reconstruction. Then corruption was suspected and charged and would probably have been proven if some of the suspected and charged had not found protection in the provision of law that exempts a witness from answering questions that might incriminate him. The road was leased in opposition to a strong public sentiment, but the fact that it was under a management in which there was little confidence went far towards reconciling the people to it, they feeling at the time that they were perhaps getting the lesser of two evils.

The writer of this article then opposed the lease for the same reason that he now condemns this 99 year lease, or virtual sale of the road, and argued that if the Richmond and Danville road (then a wheel inside of the Pennsylvania system) wanted the exclusive right of way over the North Carolina road, which the leasing meant, that the best course for the State to pursue would be to sell the section between Greensboro and Charlotte and with the proceeds as a fund construct the Northwestern road from Salem, where it ran into the ground for want of funds, to the Tennessee line and thus have another State road from Jonesboro or some other point in Tennessee to Raleigh, and connecting with the Atlantic at Goldsboro to Morehead. Perhaps this could not have been done, but there was no effort made to see whether it could or not. The road was leased and it became the backbone of the system which leased it, as it is now of the Southern, the successor to the leaser, which in the meantime overloaded itself with indebtedness and became bankrupt.

The Southern in its injunction plea filed before Judge Simonton at Greensboro poses as a much injured party, and alleges that by virtue of the rights held by contract with the directors of the North Carolina road in 1871 it became the purchaser of other roads in the State, whose value would be impaired and be rendered practically worthless if these rights were not perpetuated, as they claim they should be under the renewed and extended lease. It is true the Southern, or rather the Richmond & Danville Company, as it was then known, became the owner of other roads in North Carolina, not by purchase, properly so-called, but practically by gift. It got the road from Greensboro to Salem, thirty miles, for ninety-nine years for nothing. The grading and all but a little bridging was done. All it had to do was to lay the rails and construct a few light bridges, and it got a piece of property out of which it has made more clear profit than it has made out of any other branch road in its system.

It got the Western road from Salisbury to Asheville by assuming the State's indebtedness and agreeing to complete the two Western extensions as originally contemplated.

The Richmond & Danville struck a bonanza when it worked North Carolina, and it worked it for all it was worth. In the twenty-six years that it has had control of the North Carolina road if it has done anything to promote the interests of the State, to build it up or develop its resources, we have failed to discover it. This much for a corporation which pretends to have claims upon North Carolina and protests against the injustice of North Carolina in attempting to utilize its property in the North Carolina road and turn it to better account, if it can, by making a different lease if it can be made, or by making no lease, if that be deemed the better course to pursue. The lease twenty-six years ago was not a level-headed business transaction, and a lease now would be much less so, for under competent management that road could be made to pay the State and the private stockholders two or three times as much as the rental stipulated in the lease made. It commands the key to the situation. It is the only available avenue by which the Southern system can get through the State, and without being extortionate, but by a judicious use of the property the Southern could be forced to pay for the right of way over it a sum much larger than that agreed upon in the terms of the lease, in addition to which it would have the profit on its own traffic which would grow with the increasing development and population of the State. In 1871 the profits on this traffic were so great as to make the lease on the terms agreed upon a matter of surprise, not much less than this unaccountable 99-year lease is.

MINOR MENTION.

Hon. Carl Schurz is one of the gentlemen who deems it incumbent on him to throw out occasional suggestions for the benefit of those who are intrusted with the management of public affairs. Although he never manifested much reluctance to holding office himself when a good job was thrown in his way, he has no patience with the office-seeker who whooped it up for the party before the election and looks for his reward afterwards. The probabilities are that few of these patriots will agree with him in the following, clipped from a published article, by Mr. Schurz, on the office-seeker:

"What the President can do is to make known to all concerned, in behalf of the public interest which it is his duty to guard, that no patronage will be distributed at the White House; that appointments will be made only when recommended by the department under which the appointees are to serve; that whoever wishes to apply or recommend others for appointment to office must do so in writing and not otherwise; that when oral advice or consultation about appointments to office is desired, it will be specially invited; that removals and appointments will be made only for the good of the service and after careful inquiry by the Executive branch of the Government itself, and to facilitate the attainment of the end in view, that the 67,000 minor postoffices will without delay be put under proper civil service rules; that the examinations for Consular places will be made competitive, and that, as to other Presidential offices, the President, for the guidance of the Executive in making nominations, will adopt proper methods for ascertaining the comparative fitness of candidates."

The President shouldn't have anything to do with the appointments to fill minor offices, which ought to be left to the heads of the respective Departments, who are responsible for the management of those Departments. To make the appointments on the recommendation of the heads of the Departments is substantially what is supposed to be done now, and is a roundabout way of doing business anyway. The President does not give his personal attention to one-tenth of the applications for offices, nor personally examine one-tenth of the papers filed, thousands of which are never looked into at all, or if so only in a perfunctory way. It would be simply an impossibility for the President to give his personal attention to all these cases without giving all his time for months to them, and hence the appointments are made, in most if not nearly all of the cases, on the recommendation of the heads of the departments, or of others interested in them who have influence with the President, and whom for political or other considerations he desires to favor. Presidents, Senators and Representatives have debts to pay for services rendered, and while this is so we need not expect much improvement in the methods of distributing offices nor much of a slack in the rush for them.

***

Mr. George M. Rose, of Fayetteville, attorney for the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad, is entitled to congratulations for his success in securing legislation at Raleigh to prevent the partition and sale in sections of that road. North Carolina is to be congratulated, too, and the city of Wilmington especially. The partition of this road, with the Southern in control of the line from Greensboro to Bennettsville, would practically destroy the road from Fayetteville to Wilmington, and effectually block the contemplated extension to make connection with the Norfolk and Western in Virginia and thus with other roads running Northeast and Northwest, which would probably have been done before this if it had not been for the panic of '93, which crippled the C. F. & Y. V., as it did many other roads in this and other sections of the country. The extension of this road to make connection with Western roads is a matter of much importance to this section of the State and to Wilmington especially, for then this port will stand a fair chance of becoming a shipping port for much Western produce, while this section of the State would stand a better chance of getting a portion of the immigration from the central Western States. These are some, but not all, of the reasons why we are gratified at the success of Mr. Rose in securing the legislation referred to.

Mr. Deibler, the French public executioner, who will soon retire, has a record of 502 heads chopped off with the guillotine. At first he was rather awkward, but towards the end he became quite expert, and snipped a head so quick that it was some time before the fellow discovered that he was decapitated.

That Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and relieves a vast amount of suffering is not a theory but a well known fact. †

BOOK NOTICES.

The thoughtful reader will find much to interest him in the *Hypnotic Magazine* for March, which entertainingly and instructively discusses hypnotism and kindred subjects, by writers who have made these a special study. Address The Psyche Publishing Company, Chicago, Ill.

Gunton's Magazine for March presents a full list of articles on political and economic subjects, in which the reader will find much to interest him, whether he agrees with all the views expressed or not. Published by The Political Science Publishing Company, Union Square New York.

The March number of *McClure's's Magazine* is a charming number, filled with entertaining matter, handsomely illustrated. One article in it, "Telegraphing Without Wires," is an exceedingly interesting one, as showing the possibilities of electricity and what may yet be accomplished by it. Published by S. S. McClure, 141-155 E. Twenty-fifth street New York.

The Sanitarian for March, contains, among other valuable and interesting articles, one on mental fatigue in schools, which should be generally read, but especially by teachers, parents and scholars. An article by the editor on the topography, climate and mineral springs of Mississippi gives much information on that subject. Address A. N. Bell, M. D., editor, 337 Clinton Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— President McKinley's training as a pedestrian is well timed. He will probably have to walk the floor a good deal before he succeeds in finding out how to control his Congressional team of wild horses.—*Louisville Courier Journal, Dem.*

—— The year before the war it cost $1.91 per capita to run the United States Government. In 1870, while the interest charge on the war debt was still heavy, the cost was $4.25 per capita. This year it will be $7.16. And still we wonder at hard times.—*Philadelphia Times, Ind.*

—— "There is just this difference between Cleveland and McKinley," said a prominent farmer." We had a right to expect that Cleveland would stand in with the masses of the people in matters for their welfare, and we have no reason to suppose that McKinley will not give support to the trusts, combines and corporations and for anything that comes our way from McKinley we will thank him as heartily as we 'cussed' Cleveland for disappointing us."—*Richmond State, Dem.*

—— It is said that President McKinley wishes Congress to take some action that will have the effect of preventing importers from making heavy purchases abroad in anticipation of a new tariff bill, thus depriving the Treasury of revenue that would come to it if the importations were made after the passage of the new bill. It is difficult to see how Congress is going to prevent merchants from importing under the present bill as long as it is of force; and it will be of force until the new bill is passed and signed.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

—The Cherub—"Mamma, give me some more jam." Mamma—"I'll give you a little if you'll be good." The Cherub—"Let's see the 'little' first."

—Flim—"I see where Boston is going to spend over $1,000,000 on these pneumatic tubes." Flam—"That's a lot of money to blow in."—*Boston Post.*

—Thompson—"Is that a gamecock?" Jackson—"Yes indeed." Thompson—"How do you know?" Jackson—"I won him at a raffle."—*New York Journal*

—"Don't let this occur again," said the photographer, who prides himself on being enterprising. "What do you meam?" asked the assistant. "You've made the portrait more prominent than my signature."—*Washinton Star.*

—A Historic Echo: "You ought to read the life of Marie Antoinette; it is very thrilling."

"What did she do?"

"She was very beautiful, and she got her head cut off because she gave so many Bradley-Martin-balls."

— They were discussing election frauds. "Why," said the reform citizen, "the whole history of our elections is one long story of outrageous repeating."

"Yes," remarked Heeler, "history, you know, is a great repeater herself."—*Phil North American.*

—Torturer—"What's the difference between twice twenty-five and twice five and twenty?"

Interval of three months, during which victim uses up nineteen pencils and seven quires of paper in "working it out."

Victim—"There's no difference at all."

Torturer—"Isn't there? Twice twenty-five's fifty. (Victim nods.) Twice five's ten, and twenty's thirty. Fine day, isn't it?"—*Tit-Bits.*

Let The Whole World Know The Good Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Does



HEART DISEASE, has its victim at a disadvantage. Always taught that heart disease is incurable, when the symptoms become well defined, the patient becomes alarmed and a nervous panic takes place. But when a sure remedy is found and a cure effected, after years of suffering, there is great rejoicing and desire to "let the whole world know." Mrs. Laura Wineinger, of Selkirk, Kansas, writes; "I desire to let the whole world know what Dr. Miles' Heart Cure has done for me. For ten years I had pain in my heart, shortness of breath, palpitation, pain in my left side, oppressed feeling in my chest, weak and hungry spells, bad dreams, could not lie on either side, was numb and suffered terribly. I took Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and before I finished the second bottle I felt its good effects, I feel now that I am fully recovered, and that Dr. Miles' Heart Cure saved my life."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits, or money refunded.

Headache stopped in 20 minutes by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "Once cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. ;Change.

June 18 1y su tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Mrs. Thos. D. Helms, aged eighty-one years, died at her home in Goose Creek township on the 2nd inst.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Mr. R. L. Carter, of Dial, this county, tells us that on Tuesday of last week he lost his barns, stables, pea crib and forage house by fire. He says that the fire was incendiary without doubt.

— Hillsboro *Observer:* Mr. R. Y. Walker, a prominent Populist of Little River township, called at our office last Saturday to say that the *Progressive Farmer* had requested its subscribers to write to that paper giving their opinion of the Legislature. Mr. Walker is of the opinion that the Legislature was not worth the two cents it would take to buy a postage stamp.

— Wadesboro *Intelligencer*: Mr. Geo. W. Garrison died at his home in Polkton Sunday night a paralysis, aged about 50 years. For many years Mr. Garrison was an engineer on the Carolina Central Railroad and had the reputation of being one of the best men in the service of the road. A few years ago he gave up his position as engineer since which time he has had charge of a culvert force on the same road. His life, we are informed, was insured for $8,000.

— Nashville *Optic:* On Thursday night last while Mrs. Henry Harper was sitting before the fire in a rocking chair at her home near Castalia, she was shot by an unknown person from a window. The weapon used was a shotgun, most of the charge striking the chair and saving her life. Enough shot, however, took effect in her shoulder to inflict a dangerous wound. She is still in a critical condition. As to who committed the fiendish deed no one as yet knows. Suspicion at first rested on two men, John Lanier and John Denton, who were arrested and taken to Louisburg for trial, but owing to lack of evidence they were released.

— Raleigh *Press-Visitor*: The first request for a warrant upon the direct tax fund, since the limit expired for its disbursement, was turned down by Auditor Ayer this morning. It will be remembered that the government in 1891 refunded a large amount of direct taxes to the different States. Subsequently the Legislature passed an act providing that the fund should revert to the State treasury unless claimants put in their application within six years after the money was turned over to the State. The Legislative limit expired March 2d, when the remaining amount of the fund, which two years ago was appropriated to the school fund, reverted to the treasury.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

Rev. R. C. Beaman, recently appointed by the North Carolina Annual Conference of the M. E. Church, South, Presiding Elder of the Wilmington District, has made his appointments for the first round, as follows:

Onslow circuit, at Queen's Creek, March 13, 14.

Brunswick circuit, at Concord, March 20, 21.

Columbus circuit, Evergreen, March 27, 28.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville (night), March 28.

Waccamaw circuit, Shiloh, March 30.

Magnolia circuit, Magnolia, April 3, 4.

Bladen circuit, at Bethlehem, April 10, 11.

— "I'm sorry," said Mr. Stormington Barnes, tragedian, "to interfere with your conception of the part, but in our next performance of Hamlet you will have to omit the beard from your make-up as Polonius." "But, sir—." "There is no use in protesting. We are, as you may know, about to play in a territory where there is an intense Populistic sentiment. The last time I produced Hamlet there they mistook Polonius for the star, and I'm not taking any more chances."—*Judge.*

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00 at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

PHILOSOPHIC ENTERPRISE.

A Man Who Believed In Yielding Gracefully to the Inevitable.

The hardware dealer came up to attend to a serene looking old gentleman who had been drawing something with a lead pencil on the wrapping paper on the counter.

"There," the customer said, holding up the results of his efforts. "You see that drawing?"

"You mean that circle?"

"It's a circle as nearly as I could approximate it without instruments. I wish to submit that as the plans and specifications for an augur. I desire to purchase a tool that will bore a hole just that size."

"You want it for a very exact piece of work."

"Yes, sir."

The dealer sold him the augur, and then remarked:

"If you are a builder, I'd like to show you some new goods we've got in in the way of carpenters' tools."

"It wouldn't be of the slightest use. This will be my debut as an artisan. If I weren't a humane and sympathetic person, I wouldn't begin at this late day in life, but I know just what I want done, and I won't trust it to a hired man. Every night for the past three weeks I have heard gnawings around the woodwork in my sleeping room."

"Mice?"

"It must be mice. Now these animals have their communities and thoroughfares just the same as people have."

"You ought to set traps for them."

"It wouldn't do any good. As soon as you catch one others will come. A certain area of available territory is in the economy of nature expected to support a certain number of mice, and there's no use in trying to depopulate it. The best thing to do is to arrange it so they will make as little disturbance as possible. I am even tempered, but I confess that the gnawing annoys me. But it's evidently occasioned by some plans for street extension that they have decided to carry out, and there is no use in delaying the undertaking by interfering with them. So I have located the spots where they are operating and taken the measure of a hole that they have already gnawed. Now, I'm going to take this augur and bore holes wherever they're needed, thereby greatly facilitating their endeavors and securing to myself several hours of much needed sleep every night."—Exchange.

A Figure of Speech.

Mrs. G.—Don't you think, Albert, that there is something hidden about the new girl?

Mr. G.—Is anything missing?—Detroit Free Press.

THE ALHAMBRA.

Its Real Beauty Is Felt Only When It Is Seen In All Its Varying Aspects.

I know the happy time has passed when the stranger is offered an apartment in the palace. Probably Washington Irving himself nowadays would have to put up in the hotel of his own name instead of the rooms of the fair Elizabeth of Parma. Gautier, I do not believe, would have a chance to wrap himself in his blanket and sleep a single night in the open Court of Lions or the Hall of the Two Sisters, dreaming of the harem and its beauties who had slept there so many ages before him. But by day, at least, we, too, can boast that in our castle of memory once our home was the Alhambra. It was easily managed. We had but to ask, and we got a ticket. This was supposed to enable us to pursue our studies, and, in proof of our claim to it, J. would start out in the morning with such an imposing assortment of sketch blocks, stools and ink bottles that the ever advertised gypsy king was always at our heels to assure us that he had been Fortuny's model and Regnault's.

I, for my part, bought from the guides the book which Senor Contreras has written about the Alhambra, and I carried Gautier and Irving with me wherever I went. But, for all this parade, our most serious study during the first days was to adapt courts and gardens to the passing hours. And why not? More than half a century ago was not Washington Irving afraid that the place had been already too well described to stand still another description? Has not its every story been told, its every ballad sung? Has it not been sketched and painted and "taken," until the guide will tell you glibly how Fortuny used this for background, and that Regnault, down to the choice of the last stray amateur to come, with his irrepressible kodak? Besides, ours really was the true way to study the Alhambra to get to understand its loveliness. It is no better than a museum, and a very empty one, as melancholy a show place as the Roman Forum, when you follow the guide, stopping, as he bids you, to whisper for an echo, or to receive a sprig of myrtle, or to see on the pavement the freshly rubbed in blood of the Abencerrages.

Ah, what secrets I coul tell of the Alhambra to archæologist or architect, busy deciphering inscriptions and measuring arches! It is no better than a labeled specimen. Its real beauty is not felt until you come to know just how each room, each arcade, each wall space, looks when drenched with sunlight; just how its effects change when the shadows fall upon it; just at what moment a latticed window opens upon the coolest prospect or a lofty hall is most soothing refuge from the heat. —Elizabeth Robins Pennell in Century.

WAR AND COMMERCE.

The Lesson Taught by the Conflict Between France and England.

War with France opened in 1793 and was protracted, with the exception of the short break due to the peace of Amiens, for 22 years. We started with 16,073 ships, of 1,540,000 tons, manned by 118,000 men, and with a navy of 141 ships of the line, 155 frigates and 129 small vessels. We had to deal with a thoroughly inefficient enemy, disorganized by revolution and distracted by intestinal quarrels. From the first hour of war our military superiority was unchallenged. The declaration of war, however, caused a very serious contraction of trade. There were many failures, and a temporary loan of £5,000,000 was necessary to avert panic. This measure had a most salutary effect, and only £3,855,000 was applied for. Early in the struggle the attack upon our commerce began. Ships of war and privateers of all sorts fell upon it. Rowboats put off to merchantmen lying becalmed in the channel or under the Forelands and carried them by boarding. Surcouf in the East Indies swept into his net not only helpless sailing ships, but also large and heavily armed Indiamen. In 1805 the Rochefort squadron got to sea and took in five months 4 warships and 42 merchantmen. "In 1810," says The Naval Chronicle, quoted by Captain Mahan, "signals were out almost every day at Dover on account of the enemy's privateers appearing in sight." In 1800, the same authority tells us, there were 87 large French privateers in the channel ports of France alone. From first to last the French captured 11,000 ships, with their cargoes, worth £200,000,000, a toll of 2½ per cent at the very least on our trade.

At first sight this loss does not look particularly heavy, and it certainly had no effect upon the issue of the war. It was only so much property destroyed that might, if spared, have added to our wealth. We annihilated French trade, so that Napoleon could not even send a cockle boat to sea, as he himself confessed, and we captured no less than 1,031 privateers, carrying 9,400 guns, manned by 69,000 men. Thus we lost an average of 550 ships a year and took less than 55 a year of the depredators. Neutrals, it will be observed, lost by peace and gained by war. From 1790 to 1793 the average clearance of neutral shipping was under 200,000 tons.—Nineteenth Century.

LORD DUFFERIN'S CURIOS.

A Fine Collection Gathered From Burma and India.

"In addition to the Burmese and Indian curios, Lord Dufferin has a very large collection stored in Clandeboye. Of these there is quite an armory of Burmese weapons, beautifully carved bronze guns, small cannons and curious gilded standards, with the favorite Burmese crowing cocks occupying the place where our western eyes are accustomed to see the eagle. These trophies of rather barbaric splendor are, however, less interesting to many of us (unless, indeed, Lord Dufferin is present to act as showman, when everything is invested with a fresh charm by his lordship's delightful descriptions) than some of the other art treasures scattered about the home of the Dufferin family. On the great staircase, in a position where it must arrest the attention of every one, is a fan painted by Princess Louise and presented to the Marchioness of Dufferin by the royal artist. The subject of the painting is a skating party in Canada, very delicately and brightly colored, and so animated in effect as to suggest a sketch taken on the spot. The one legged affect of so many skating pictures is avoided by the introduction of children's figures in picturesque Canadian skating dress.

"Lady Dufferin's boudoir is a perfect marvel of tasteful and brilliant coloring, every portion of wall and ceiling being painted in soft French shades of pink and green, blue and gold, with panels of terra cotta, all executed in accordance with the taste of Lord Dufferin, who is a great lover of colors, and seems to be just a little French in his predilections. At the head of the grand staircase is a large painting of those three beautiful Sheridan girls that is enough to send any modern woman into fits of downright despair, so lovely are the faces of those exquisite sisters. There are no such eyes as those nowadays —Irish eyes of the deepest blue, with such heavy black eyelashes and their long, dark ringlets that would go far to spoil a style of good looks less perfect than theirs. There is also a very interesting portrait of the present marchioness in the costume of white satin worn by her at the celebration of her silver wedding at Simla."—Modern Society.

A Woman's Palace.

St. Petersburg owes its second great palace, The Hermitage, to a fantasy of Catherine II. Originally The Hermitage was a small pavilion attached to the winter palace—a place of recreation, where friendly causerie, as it was understood in the last century, could be carried on without court formalities. The imperial hostess drew up a series of rules for these parties and placed them on a table near the door. "Leave your rank outside as well as your hat," says the first rule. "Be gay, but do not spoil anything; do not break or gnaw anything," is a somewhat ominous admonition, but those to "argue without anger and without excitement," and "neither to sigh nor to yawn, nor make anybody dull or heavy," are rules which should be enforced in every drawing room today.—New York World.

To the Point.

A French writer says that at 45 a man or woman no longer lives physically upon his or her income, but begins to draw upon the more valuable capital of days and of health.

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering.

"I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

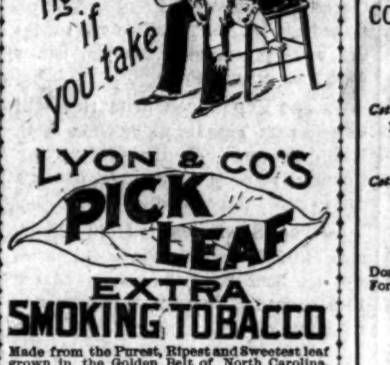
Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." MRS. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.



LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

—"I will be remembered," said the poet "when you are forgotten." "Very likely," said the plutocrat. "I pay cash."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

There Is Nothing So Good.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be just as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of Throat, Chest and lungs, there is nothing so good as Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℘ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℘ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℘ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℘ ℔	5	@	5⅝
Shoulders ℘ ℔	4½	@	5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℘ ℔	22	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℘ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℘ ℔	15	@	
Northern	18	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	35	@	40
Virginia Meal	46	@	40
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle		@	95
CANDLES—℘ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℘ ℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	13
Dairy, Cream	12	@	14
State		@	10
COFFEE—℘ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	11	@	16
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℘ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℘ dozen	[illegible]	@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℘ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	3 00	@	3 00
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 50
N C Roe Herring, ℘ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℘ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 25
Straight	4 75	@	5 00
First Patent		@	5 10
GLUE—℘ ℔—	7½	@	8¼
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,	40	@	42½
Car load, in bags—White,	36	@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	45	@	45
Cow Peas		@	85
HIDES, ℘ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℘ 100 ℔s—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔		@	2
LARD, ℘ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℘ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℘ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—			
Barbados, in hhds		@	28
" " in bbls		@	30
Porto Rico, in hhds	27	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 75
PORK, ℘ barrel—			
City Mess	9 25	@	9 50
Rump		@	9 00
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℘ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℘ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American		@	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	[illegible]
Standard A		@	[illegible]
White Ex. C		@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden	4	@	[illegible]
C. Yellow		@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℘ ℔	4	@	
WHISKEY, ℘ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE March 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 27 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 26½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 45 per bbl for Strained, and $1 50 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 00 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1.80 per barrel for Hard and 1.80 for Soft.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin firm, $1.30, 1.35; tar firm, 90c; crude turpentine firm, $1.30, 1.80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	121
Rosin	260
Tar	147
Crude Turpentine	9

Receipts same day last year—125 casks spirits turpentine, 534 bbls rosin, 275 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7c for middling.

Ordinary	4⅝	cts ℘ ℔
Good Ordinary	6	" "
Low Middling	6⅝	" "
Middling	7	" "
Good Middling	7 5-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅝c.

Receipts—111 bales; same day last year 306.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 60c; Fancy, 65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN.—Firm; 40 to 42½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended March 12, 1897.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
1,493	656	2,652	1,861	31

RECEIPTS.

For week ended March 13, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
900	704	2,968	1,970	123

EXPORTS.

For week ended March 12, 1897.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic..	000	845	182	1,077	57
Foreign ...	000	000	4,581	000	00
	000	845	4,763	1,077	57

EXPORTS.

For week ended March 13, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic..	544	562	70	675	116
Foreign ...	000	000	5,224	501	1
	544	562	5,294	1,176	117

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, March 12, 1897.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	13,214	23	13,237
Spirits	464	32	496
Rosin	20,853	12,155	33,008
Tar	4,495	4,000	8,495
Crude	305	000	305

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, March 13, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
9,799	2,962	37,587	13,821	787

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 12—Evening.—Money on call to-day easy at 1½@2 per cent; last loan at 2 per cent, closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange was dull; actual business in bankers bills at 485¼@485¾ for sixty days, 487@487¼ for demand. Commercial bills 484¼@485¼. Government bonds were strong; United States coupon fours 113¼; United States twos 95¼. State bonds were quiet; North Carolina fours 102½; North Carolina sixes 122¼. Railroad bonds were quiet.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 12—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 7¼c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; March 6 90, April 6 95, May 6 99, June 7 03, July 7 07, August 7 08, September 6 84, October 6 72, November 6 74, December 6 78, January 6 83. Sales 101,-500 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 398 bales; gross 2,682 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,781 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 3,817 bales; forwarded 1,317 bales; sales —— bales; sales to spinners 105 bales; stock (actual) 243,100 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts 929 bales; gross 13,616 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,475 bales; to France 640 bales; to the Continent 14,347 bales; forwarded 6,459 bales; sales 11,175 bales; sales to spinners 1,723 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 9,199 bales; exports to Great Britain 12,002 bales; to France 506 bales; to the Continent 17,848 bales; stock 792,850 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 74,908 bales; exports to Great Britain 41,538 bales; to France 21,684 bales; to the Continent 69,024 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,058,779 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,630,952 bales; exports to France 586,352 bales; exports to the Continent 1,602,332 bales; to the Channel 5 481 bales.

Flour quiet and easy; Minnesota patents $4 00@4 80; others unchanged; Southern flour was quiet and unchanged; common to fair extra $3 20@3 50; good to choice $3 60@4 00. Wheat—spot market dull, opened weaker and closed firmer; No. 2 red free on board 83¾c; ungraded red 67@83; options declined ⅜@1½c on weaker cables and lower West, rallied 1¼@1½c, fell ¼c, and closed firm at ⅛@⅝c over yesterday with trading more active; No. 2 red March 80¼c; May 78¾c; June 78⅜c; July 77c; September 74¼c. Corn—spot was dull and firm; No. 2 29½c at elevator and 30¼c afloat; steamer mixed 27c; No. 3 25½c; steamer yellow 27c; steamer white 27@27¼c; rejected 24c options were dull and firm at unchanged prices to ⅛c advance March 28¼c; May 29¾c; July 31⅛c. Oats—spot dull but steady; options dull and firm; May 21½; July 22c; spot prices —No. 2, 22c; No. 2 white 24c; mixed Western 21@24c. Lard quiet and firmer; Western steam $4 40 asked; city $4 05; May $4 50, nominal; refined lard dull; Continental $4 75; South American $5 00; compound $4 12½@425. Pork was firm, quiet and unchanged; new mess $8 50@9 00. Butter—choice steady; demand fair; State dairy 9@18c; do. creamery 13@18c; Elgins —c. Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania 11½c; Western fresh 11c; Southern 10½@10¾c. Rice moderately active, firm and unchanged. Molasses steady, quiet and unchanged. Peanuts quiet and unchanged; hand-picked 3½@4¼c. Coffee quiet and 5 to 10 points up; March $8 70@8 75; April $8 70; May $8 70@8 75; August $8 85; September $8 80@8 85; December $8 85; spot Rio dull and easy; No. 7 $9 25@9 37½. Sugar—raw dull and firm; fair refining 2 13-16c bid; refined sugar quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, March 12.—Cash quotations: Flour was weaker, with trade inactive; hard wheat spring patents $3 90@4 20 in wood, soft wheat patents $3 80@4 00; hard wheat bakers' $2 50@2 90 in sacks; soft wheat bakers' $2 80@3 15 in sacks; winter wheat $3 90@4 20 in wood. Wheat—No. 2 spring 70¼@73c; No. 2 red 81½@85c. Corn—No. 2, 23½@23¾c. Oats—No. 2 16c. Mess pork $8 40 @8 45. Lard $4 32½@4 15. Short rib sides, loose $4 45@4 65. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 40@4 75. Short clear sides, boxed, $4 62½@4 75. Whiskey $1 17.

The leading futures ranged as follows: opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—March 71½, 72, 70½, 72c; May 72¼, 73, 71½@71⅝, 72⅞@73c; July 69⅞@70, 70⅝, 69¼, 70⅝c; September 68¼, 68⅝, 67¼, 68⅝c. Corn—March 23⅜, 23⅜, 23⅜, 23⅜c; May 24¼@24½, 24¾, 24@24½, 24⅜c; July 25¼, 23⅞, 25⅛, 25⅜c; September 26⅜@26½, 26⅝@26⅞, 26⅜, 26⅝@26⅞c. Oats—No. 2 March 16½, 16½, 16½, 16½; May 17@17⅛, 17¼, 16⅞@17, 17⅛c; July 18, 18⅛, 17⅞@18, 18⅛c. Mess pork—May $8 40, 8 52½, 8 37½, 8 50; July $8 55, 8 65, 8 52½, 8 65. Lard—May $4 15 4 22½, 4 15, 4 22½; July $4 25, 4 30, 4 25, 4 30. Short ribs—May $4 47½, 4 60, 4 45, 4 57½; July $4 55, 4 65, 4 52½, 4 62½.

BALTIMORE, March 12.—Flour dull. Wheat weak; spot 86¼c bid; May 78¼@79c; Southern by sample 88@90c. Corn firmer; spot and March 26⅛@26⅞c; April 26⅞@27c; May 27⅜@27⅛c; Steamer mixed 25¼@25¾c; Southern white 26¼@26½c; do yellow 26@26½c. Oats firmer; No. 2 white 24½@25½c; No. 2 mixed 22@23c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

March 12.—Galveston, quiet at 7 1-16, net receipts 1,840 bales; Norfolk, firm at 7, net receipts 1,343 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7¼, net receipts 773 bales; Boston, quiet at 7¼, net receipts 391 bales. Wilmington, dull at 7, receipts 111 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 7⅝c, net receipts 500 bales; Savannah, steady at 6 13-16, net receipts 1,196 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 7c, net receipts 1,498 bales; Mobile, dull at 6¾, net receipts 536 bales; Memphis, firm at 6 15-16, net receipts 855 bales; Augusta, steady at 7¼, net receipts 355 bales; Charleston, firm at 6⅞, net receipts 614 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, March 12.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand moderate and prices easier. American middling 3 31-32d. Sales 8,000 bales, of which 7,800 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 2,000 bales, of which 1,700 were American. Futures opened easy and demand poor. American middling (l m c) May and June 3 57-64d; June and July 3 57-64d; July and August 3 57-64d; August and September 3 54-64d; September and October 3 49-64d; October and November 3 45 64d; November and December 3 43 64d; December and January 3 43 64d. Futures quiet.

Tenders at to-day's clearings 500 bales new docket and 300 bales old docket.

12.45 P. M.—American spot grades 1-32d lower. American middling fair 4⅜d; good middling 4 1-16d; middling 3 15 16d; low middling 3¾d; good ordinary 3⅝d; ordinary 3 7-16d.

4 P. M.—American middling (l m c) March 3 55-64d buyer; March and April 3 55-64d buyer; April and May 3 55 64d buyer; May and June 3 55-64@3 56-64d seller; June and July 3 55-64@3 56-64d seller, July and August 3 55-64@3 56-64d seller; August and September 3 53-64d buyer; September and October 3 47-64@3 48-64d buyer; October and November 3 43-64@3 44-64d seller; November and December 3 42 64@3 43 64d seller; December and January 3 42-64d seller. Futures closed quiet.

LIVERPOOL, March 12.—The following are the weekly cotton statistics: Total sales of the week 57,000 bales, American 53,000; trade takings, including forwarded from ships' side, 82,000; actual imports 6,000; total imports 75,000; American 60,000; total stocks 1,383,000; American 1,211,000; total afloat 112,000; American 102,000; speculators took 300; exporters took 600.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Am schr Eva A Danenhower, 217 tons, Johnson, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Stmr A P Hurt, Williams, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Schr Fred B Balano, 215 tons, Sawyer, Porta Plata, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Schr C C Lister, 267 tons, Robinson, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Brig M C Haskell, 299 tons, Wingfield, Ponce, Porto Rico, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Nor barque Passepartout, 515 tons, Neilen, Antwerp, E Peschau & Co.

Stmr A P Hurt, Williams, Fayetteville, James Madden.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

PONCE, PORTO RICO—Brig M C Haskell—276,248 feet lumber, valued at $3,483; vessel by Geo Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by E Kidder's Son.

ANTWERP—Barque Passepartont—5,240 bbls rosin, valued at $9 230; vessel by E Peschau & Co; cargo by Robinson & King.

PORTA PLATA—Schr Fred B Balano—151,203 feet lumber, valued at $1,893 84; vessel by Geo Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by S & W H Northrop.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—Schr C C Lister—260,000 feet lumber by Cape Fear Lumber Company; vessel by Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., March 13, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Eva A Danenhower, 217 tons, Johnson, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

Nimrod, 252 tons, Green, J T Riley & Co.

Ida E Latham, 440 tons, Albertsen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Stella Maris (Swed), 569 tons, Kromberg, Paterson Downing & Co.

Winnepance, 251 tons, Kimball, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Lois V Chaples, 219 tons, Medoro, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

R S Graham, 320 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Acara, 135 tons, Nash, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Victory, 131 tons, Munroe, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

Florence A, 148 tons, Strout, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Wm F Green, 254 tons, Clark, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Marion Hill, 198 tons, Armstrong, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

W C Wickham, 316 tons, Evan, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Ida C Schoolcraft, 306 tons, Booye, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Bianca Aspasia (Ital), 451 tons, Gorziglia, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Albatross (Nor), 333 ton, Lootz, Para, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Hans (Swed), 679 tons, Leander, Heide & Co.

Jas. H. Carroway and Henry McLean,

THE EXPERT BARBERS, CAN BE FOUND at No. 11 South Front street, where they will be pleased to serve their friends. First class work guaranteed. Shaving 10 cents. Give us a call.

Respectfully,

A. PREMPERT,

dec 20 tf No. 11 South Front street

SANTAL-MIDY

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

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ESTABLISHED 1836.

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AND DAILY TRANSCRIPT.

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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR FROM 1864 TO 1894.

GEORGE W. CHILDS DREXEL,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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jan 29 tf

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jan 21 1y

IN THE HAY LOFT.

Oh, sweet, dim noontide of the summer day
Within the harbor of the fragrant bay
Where roll the billows of the new mown hay!

Ingulfed among its scented waves I lie,
Catching faroff dream glimpses of the sky,
With soft, white cloud sails drifting idly by.

Far off the bleat of lambs upon the hill
Blends with the whirring of the distant mill,
Half glad, half sad, like human good and ill.

Soft on the bent and perfumed reeds of hay
The fairies of the grass field faintly play
The airs they sang to buttercups in May,

And all the year these elfin notes will tell
Of secret haunts where flower and grass roots swell
With life no frost nor scythe of death can quell.

So through all time, whatever wind may blow,
This one eternal truth I still must know—
The grass may wither, but the soul shall grow.

—Anne L. Muzzey in New York Sun.

A GOOD TIME COMING.

It was an October day, and the air was charged with the aromatic sharpness that follows the change in nature caused by the first frost. The sounds of the woods had changed from the summer murmur to the autumn rustle, and nature, like an aging coquette, was dressing herself in gaudy colors for her last season. The maples were clustered in crimson magnificence on the knolls and ridges, while the elms and ashes in the hollows clothed themselves in softest yellows shot with green. And in the fields departing summer was shod with the russet of the stubble lands.

Through this scene of melancholy beauty was wandering fitfully, now half running, now sitting down, disquieted and unnerved, a man who seemed strangely out of keeping with it all. He was tall and gaunt, sharp eyed, and in moments of repose a man who bore all the marks of authority. His lips involuntarily shaped themselves to a "sneer of cold command," and his high, pale brow, with its bright, transparent skin, spoke of ceaseless thought.

But he was acting like one possessed. He would walk along rapidly for a few moments, scanning the trees like an Indian pot hunter and holding his gun in readiness for a quick shot. Then he would stop suddenly, arrested by a thought. Sometimes the thought would be one that would wring an oath from his lips, and sometimes it would bring to his face a look of perplexity that would end in the nervous laugh that tells of an uncomfortable feeling at the heart—the kind that often brings a moisture to the eyes and a choking feeling to the throat. Hiram Pratt was stirred to the depths of his nature—stirred as he thought he never could be. At one moment he would regret the impulse that had taken him back to his old home on the farm, and at the next he would thrill with boyish delight at the thought of bagging gray squirrels and quail, just as he used in his youth. His friends in New York would have been "deeply concerned" could they have seen him.

He had just spent the night with his mother in the old log house where he was born and had learned anew something that he had forgotten. In his business career he had schooled himself to consider money everything and sentiment nothing, but in that old house sentiment was supreme and counted for more than the riches of a palace. When he asked his mother why she did not live in the fine brick house which he had had built for her and which his brother now lived in, she replied:

"Why, Hiram, your father brought me here when we were married and when there wasn't five acres cleared on the farm. You were all born here, and all who are dead died here, and as I potter about you are all with me as you were when you were young. It wouldn't be the same in the new house."

Then she put up her old wrinkled face to be kissed as in the other days, and the worldly man stooped and kissed her. As he did the hardness of his heart chilled him like a curse, and snatching up a candle he hastened to the room her loving hands had prepared for him. All night he tossed on his pillow, striving to strike a balance between the love and tenderness he had lost and the millions he had gained, and it was because the problem was still painfully unsolved that he wandered about so distractedly through the October woods.

At last he came to the thicket where there used to be a covey of partridges every fall, but now there was no whirring of wings at his approach. But the fallen oak round which they used to hide and beside which he used to set the figure of four trap in the old days before the game laws were enforced was still there in almost the same condition as when he saw it last. He seated himself on the mossy trunk, and as his mind gradually quieted, soothed by the peace of nature, he went back to his boyhood and lived it all over again.

At last he remembered, and the memory came to him with the shock of a discovery who his companion and guide used to be in almost all his hunting expeditions. Old Sam Ehret! Could it be possible that he was still alive? Of course it could? Sam was only 15 years older than he was, though everybody called him "old" 30 years ago.

But that was only on account of his almost senile simplicity and natural shiftlessness. Sam couldn't be more than 63 yet, and of course he must be alive. What times they used to have, trapping mink and shooting squirrels. This train of thought cleared the moral atmosphere for the millionaire at once. He would not be satisfied with coming to the old farm; he would go back to his youth and go out hunting with Sam. He had no real intention of doing any hunting when he left the house and had merely picked up the old gun as an excuse to get away to the woods, where he would be alone with his troubled thoughts. But now he would visit old Sam, and they would have an afternoon of hunting. This decision gave him such a thrill that out of pure exuberance of spirits he forgot his gun was loaded and cocked, swung it up and drew a bead on a clump of leaves in the top of a tall hickory. The explosion that instantly followed, sending the echoes rolling through the woods and starting the crows cawing, brought him out of his dreams with a shock, but the sound of the gun revived all his passion for shooting. After carefully reloading the old muzzle loader he started toward Sam's farm.

As he reached the farm he was surprised to find it so changed. There were new barns and stables and a new house, and everything was spick and span. He expected to see tumble down buildings and rickety fences instead of evidences of prosperity. But he strode cheerily across the field toward the house, inhaling the smell of the newly plowed soil, resolved to find out from the first person he met what had become of old Sam. Presently he saw a man busily digging in a ditch at the end of a field and directed his steps toward him. As he approached nearer he could hardly believe himself. It was undoubtedly his old friend, working away as if his life depended on it.

"Hello, Sam," he called cheerily as he came within hailing distance, "how are you?"

The digger stopped, looked at the stranger with an inquiring stare and answered half shyly:

"Hello! Nice day."

"Why, don't you remember me?"

"I must say you've got the start of me."

Pratt held up the index finger of his left hand, showing a rough, corrugated nail, and asked, with a laugh:

"What! You surely don't forget the fellow who went to pull the woodchuck out of the hollow tree in Black's woods and almost had his finger bitten off, do you?"

Sam's grizzled and whiskered face lit up suddenly, and he scrambled out of the ditch.

"Why!" he exclaimed as he transferred the mud from his hand to the leg of his trousers. "If it ain't little Hiram Pratt. Well, now," and he shook hands with him vigorously, "when did you get home?"

"Last night."

"Well, well, and you've come back to see us again. My, how you have grown and changed! Well, I suppose we've all got to get older. How's your mother? Glad to see you, wasn't she? Well, well! And they tell me you've got awful rich. I suppose you could buy out all the old neighbors now, couldn't you?"

Pratt laughed at the estimate of his wealth—he could have bought the whole county and turned it into a shooting park had he wished—and modestly replied that he didn't think he could do that, though he had got along pretty well. Then he changed the subject by remarking on old Sam's evident prosperity.

"Yes," said the old man delightedly, "things are lookin better, ain't they? But of course you heard all about it?"

Pratt had not heard.

"Oh, no," he said, "this ain't my doings at all. They are Walter's. My oldest boy, Walter, you know. Jee! I guess he was born after you left, wasn't he? Well, well, how time does fly, to be sure. I tell you, Walter is a mighty smart boy, but an awful fellow to work," and a half frightened expression came over his face.

As old Sam said this he jumped back into the ditch and picked up his shovel as if he were going to dig again.

"Well," said Pratt, "I'm glad your family is turning out so well, but you used to be more fond of hunting than of plowing and digging, didn't you?"

"Yes, but I ain't done no hunting in the last three or four years."

"Why, there are lots of squirrel left, are there not, and some quail and partridge?"

"Yes, but Walter would not let me," said the old man doggedly.

"Would not let you! That's strange."

"No, he sold my gun."

"You surprise me."

"Well, I guess he was right. I used to waste an awful lot of time with it when I should have been working. If I had not wasted so much time, I would not have got into debt. I suppose you heard about that, didn't you?"

"Why, no; I did not hear anything about it."

"Oh, I was in awful trouble. I could not sleep nights or anything. The store bills kept getting bigger, and then I gave notes, and then a little mortgage, and the times kept getting harder and the taxes higher until I was almost crazy. But I tell you," and a little gleam of pride lit up his face, "Walter has changed all that, and even though he does make me work hard I don't know that I have any right to complain. You see, this is the way it was: When things got to the very worst and we were afraid the sheriff would come, Walter offered that if I would make over the farm to him and agree to work for him until I was 70 he would pay off all the debts, give something to each of the other children, and that after I was 70 neither myself nor the old woman would have to do any more work. He would support us, and we would have to worry about nothing."

By a series of questions Pratt learned from the old man all the details of this wonderful bargain. He learned that the simple hearted old man was practically a slave to his greedy and selfish son. He had to get up at 5 o'clock in the morning and work until 9 at night, and the unfilial brute had dared at times to thrash his father for not working as hard as he thought he should. Moreover, he did not allow him to have meat or good food except when he was working hard. In the winter time, when there was nothing to do but chores, the old man and his wife were forced to live on cornmeal and buckwheat.

The rich man's wrath arose as he learned of the miserable story, and his heart was moved with unwonted pity as he saw that his old friend was looking forward with such simple anticipation to the good time coming when he would be 70 years and free. The probabilities were that he would be worked to death before then; if not, that he would be starved to death soon afterward.

Although the old man complained, and with touching candor told of the treatment he was receiving, he really blamed himself more than his son.

"Walter has been hard," he said, "but I can't say I deserve much more. I lived in a way that brought us all into debt, and I have caused him a lot of worry in getting out, and you know, Hiram, what debt is, especially to a man who feels that he would not rob any one in the world."

At this moment the conversation was interrupted by a shout.

Looking in the direction from which it came, a man was seen standing on the fence, waving his arms angrily.

"That's Walter," said the old man as he commenced shoveling for dear life. "He wants me to get this ditch finished and the tile laid in it before the frost comes.

"No, Hiram, I can't go shooting with you this time. Walter can't spare me, and I ain't got any money to get powder and shot with, though I guess I could borrow Thompson's gun if I wanted it. But, I tell you, if you come back seven years from now, when I ain't got nothing to do, we will go out hunting again and have a good time just the same as we used to. You have not got a plug of chewing tobacco, have you?"

"No."

"City folks don't chew much, do they? Walter said it was a dirty and expensive habit, and he made me stop, but sometimes I get a chew when I go to a thrashing or logging bee."

The millionaire had a strong inclination to walk over to the other field and bag the brilliant Walter instead of going to the woods to hunt for inoffensive squirrels. He felt that he would enjoy putting a charge of cold lead into him about as much as he used to enjoy putting it into a skunk. But he restrained himself and walked back to the woods.

There he sat down on an old oak log, wondering—for his heart for once in many years was full of the kindliest feeling—if it would not be a worthy deed to buy the freedom of his old friend. He could certainly find some way of doing it without causing too much talk, and it would be a deed of charity that might do something to soften the hardness of his past life. But as he thought it all over and remembered how the old man was looking forward to a good time coming he paused. After all, what was the difference between them?

The old man was a slave to his son, and he was simply a slave to his business. He was looking forward to a good time coming when he would be able to retire and live on his wealth. But he knew in his heart that, under the training he had given himself, he could not live if he were not at the head of the corporation he had built up and still struggling fiercely to make more money—money for which he had no need. Perhaps, after all, the old man was as happy as he, and if he set him free now he would simply take from him the only thing he was working for and looking forward to and make him end his life in sordid inactivity. The old man had something to live for, something to hope for, something to look forward to, and he had as good a chance of realizing it as most people have in this world. If he interfered, he would be what most charitable people are—merely a meddler.

And he was right. While he was sitting in the woods old Sam was digging away in the ditch, with his heart full of happy anticipations of the good time he would have when he was 70 and his old friend, Hiram Pratt, would come back and go out hunting with him.—Truth.

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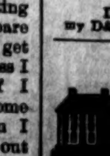
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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEB. 8, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.59 a m, Warsaw 11.11 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.55 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.25 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.32 p m, Chadbourn 5.04 p m, Marion 6.05 p m, Florence 6.45 p m, Sumter 8.45 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.05 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.06 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 2.19 p m, Jacksonville 7 00 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.45 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 20a m, Weldon 11.40 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 10.10 a m and 6 30 p, m, arrives Washington 11 25 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.50 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.30 a m., Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m., returning leaves Rowland 5 38 p m, arrives Dillon 5.56 p m, Latta 6.09 p m, Pee Dee 6.30 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 25 p m, Chadbourn 5.20 p m, arrive Hub 6.00 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m., Hartsville 9 15 p m, Bennettsville 9 36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 27 p m, arrive Florence 6 55 p m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 2.50 p m, Smithfield 2.58 p m, Dunn 3.35 p m, Fayetteville 4.15 p m. 1.10 a m, Rowland 5.88 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 a m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 30 a m, Creston 5 22 a m, arrive Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m, Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

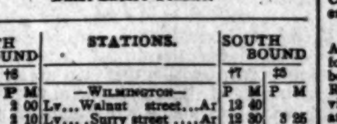
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m, Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. feb 9 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *6	NORTH BOUND †8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND ‡5
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	2 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	2 10	Lv....Surry street....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar..Jacksonville.......Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv..Pollocksville......Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 20	Ar..Newbern.............Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

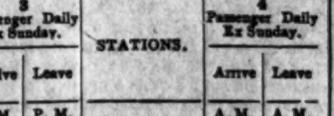
Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. my 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Leave	STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston..........	10 32	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 42	Morehead City....	8 02	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.
ma 27 tf

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at STAR OFFICE.

ap 7 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO

ATLANTA, CHARLOTTE, ATHENS, WILMINGTON, NEW ORLEANS, CHATTANOOGA AND NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, NORFOLK, RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT FEB. 7, 1897.

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	....
Leave Maxton	6 14 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg	6 23 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet	6 53 p m	....
Leave Hamlet	7 13 p m	*5 10pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 23am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	....
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 12 p m	6 43am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 30am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	8 30am
Arrive Mt. Holly	....	9 10am
Arrive Lincolnton	....	10 35am
Arrive Shelby	....	11 48am
Arrive Ellenboro	....	12 20pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	....	12 54pm

*8 40 a m Leave......Hamlet......Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive......Cheraw......Leave *5 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	....	6 03pm
Leave Lincolnton	....	7 00pm
Leave Mt. Holly	....	7 50pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 25pm
Arrive Monroe	5 58 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 25 am	....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 25pm
Leave Hamlet	8 45 am	....
Leave Laurinburg	9 11 am	....
Leave Maxton	9 30 am	....
Leave Lumberton	10 18 am	....
Arrive Wilmington	12 30 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*8 15 am	*11 25pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 11am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50pm	7 30am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50pm	*8 15pm
Arrive Washington	11 10pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*6 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Time)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Both trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C.
B. A. NEWLAND, Gen. Agt. P. Dept.
6 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

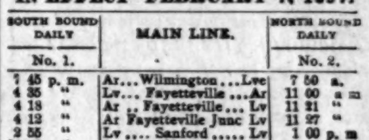
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen Supt.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.

feb 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT FEBRUARY 7, 1897.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 45 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	7 50 a.
4 35 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	11 00 a m
4 18 "	Ar..Fayetteville...Lv	11 21 "
4 12 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 27 "
2 55 "	Lv...Sanford.....Lv	1 00 p. m
12 43 "	Lv...Climax......Lv	2 55 "
12 15 "	Lv...Greensboro....Ar	3 25 "
11 55 a m	Ar...Greensboro....Lv	3 35 "
11 07 "	Lv...Stokesdale....Lv	4 23 "
10 32 "	Lv..Walnut Cove..Lv	4 55 "
10 04 "	Lv...Rural Hall...Lv	5 26 "
8 40 "	Lv...Mt Airy....Ar	6 50 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 20 a. m.
6 17 "	Lv....Maxton.....Ar	9 25 "
5 36 "	Lv...Red Springs...Lv	10 04 "
4 49 "	Lv...Hope Mills...Lv	10 47 "
4 28 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	11 08

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 05 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
4 20 "	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	8 35 "
3 25 "	Lv....Greensboro....Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 40 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

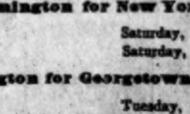
W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.

feb 9 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C.
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

CROATAN, Saturday, March 6
ONEIDA, Saturday, March 13

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA, Saturday, March 6
CROATAN, Saturday, March 13

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, March 9
ONEIDA, Tuesday, March 16

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.
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At Your Own Price,

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Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 13

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 12.—After a morning of profound weakness, attended with heavy liquidation of long wheat, the market for that grain strengthened up and advanced, closing fractionally higher than yesterday. May wheat opened at 72¼c, sold between 71⅛@71⅛ and 73c, closing at 72⅛@73c—⅛@⅝c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was irregular, selling lower during the morning, but recovering and closing nominally steady.

The corn market was comparatively steady, closing strong, with not much trade to speak of at any time. May corn opened at 24½@24¼c, sold between 24@24⅜c, closing at the outside, ⅛@⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was steady, a fair demand existing, with offerings light.

May oats closed a shade higher than yesterday. Cash oats were steady, closing firm.

The run of hogs at the stockyards was considerably smaller than was expected, an advance of 5c being the result. Product derived some encouragement from the incident and was likewise assisted by the steadiness of corn. The strength seen in the grain markets near the close extended to provisions. May pork closed 15c higher. May lard 7½c higher and May ribs 12½c higher.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

Net Receipts at the Ports—New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 21.—The following are the total net receipts at the ports since September 1, 1896: Galveston, 1,273,773 bales; New Orleans, 1,880,767; Mobile, 217,889; Savannah, 774,470; Charleston, 378,503; Wilmington, 232 241; Norfolk, 647,710; Baltimore, 58,112; New York, 99,440; Boston, 141,954; Newport News, 9,881; Philadelphia, 33,937; West Point, 50; Brunswick, 99,296; Port Royal, 58,767; Pensacola, 58,872; Texas City, 47,874. Total, 6,053,779.

The New York *Sun* says: Spot cotton here was unchanged, with sales of 105 bales for spinning. Middling uplands 7¼c, against 7 11-16c last year; New Orleans and Gulf 7½c, against 7 15-16c last year.

The trading to-day was quiet and in the main of a local professional character. Prices declined early in the day on bearish Liverpool advices and selling for local and Liverpool account. Liverpool cables reported the market there lower for futures and spots, with a small demand for spot cotton. There was not much pressure to sell, however, and after fluctuating within narrow limits prices slowly rallied, some months recovering the early loss and advancing slightly. The rally was due principally to reports of high water in the Mississippi at Vicksburg and Memphis. Then, too, the crop movement for the week was smaller than had been expected early in the week.

CONVICTS IDLE.

Discovery of a Clause in a Bill Abolishes Contract Labor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MICHIGAN CITY, IND., March 12.—Warden Harley, of the Indiana State prison yesterday ordered the instant suspension of every convict hired by a binding contract. The order was unexpected by the contractors and one of the firms will lose the labor of nearly two hundred men. This sudden action was due to the discovery that an emergency clause was added to a bill passed by the General Assembly abolishing contract labor and the bill thus became a law as soon as Governor Mount signed it. The result is that 200 men are locked in their cells with no means of employment. The new law provides that contract work shall be abolished as fast as existing contracts expire, and by the end of the year more than 800 men will be idle. It was intended that convicts should be employed in making goods for other State institutions, but no appropriation was made for buying material to put the plan in operation.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending March 12:

	1897	1896
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	74,908	70,787
Total receipts to this date.....	6,053,779	4,553,305
Exports for the week	182,946	190,194
Total exports to this date.....	4,895,117	3,401,460
Stock in all United States ports.....	793,350	713,746
Stock at all interior towns.....	810,942	846,908
Stock in Liverpool...	1,888,000	1,158,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	109,000	145,000

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Rosin was quoted strained common to good $1 65@1 70. Spirits turpentine quiet and unchanged at 29½@30c.

CHARLESTON, March 12.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; sales — casks. Rosin firm, sales — barrels: A, B, C, D, E $1 40, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 50, I $1 60, K $1 70, M $1 75, N $1 80, W G $1 85, W W $2 05.

SAVANNAH, March 12.—Spirits turpentine was steady at 27c; sales — casks; receipts 180 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 256 barrels; receipts 954 barrels.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Strict Neutrality to Be Observed in Regard to Cuba—The Widow of Dr. Ruiz Calls Upon Secretary Sherman—Senate Committee Consider Arbitration Treaty.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—It is understood that at the Cabinet meeting to-day the Cuban situation was discussed, and that the discussion ended with the understanding that the policy hitherto pursued of strict neutrality and enforcement of our neutrality law would be adhered to so long as the conditions remained as at present.

Secretary Sherman had a call shortly before 10 o'clock this morning by appointment from Mrs. Ruiz, widow of the man who is alleged to have been murdered in the military prison at Guanabacoa, Cuba, several weeks ago. Mrs. Ruiz was accompanied by her five children and an interpreter, whose presence was needed, as she is unable to speak a word of English. The interview, which lasted about five minutes, was devoted to a pathetic recital of the total destitution of the family and their reliance upon the United States to secure an indemnity from Spain on account of the death of Ruiz, who, it is claimed, was a naturalized American citizen, practicing dentistry for the past fifteen years in Cuba. Secretary Sherman, after hearing the complaint, suggested that it would be necessary to put the petition in writing, when the Department would give it prompt consideration.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations to-day considered the arbitration treaty with Great Britain from 10.30 a. m. until 1.45 p. m., without reaching any conclusion. A further meeting will be had Monday. Prior to the adjournment Chairman Davis put each Senator on his honor not to say anything about the discussion. It is known, however, that the committee favors the amendment previously reported eliminating from the scope of the treaty all questions pertaining to the domestic or foreign policy of each party and a new one that will prohibit the selection of members of the Supreme Court of the United States as members of the court should the treaty be agreed to.

Postmaster General Gary to-day gave out a statement showing the gross postal receipts of the thirty largest postoffices for February, 1897, compared with the same month of 1896. There was a net decrease of $125,019. The first seven offices, New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, St. Louis, Cincinnati and Brooklyn, showed marked decreases, Chicago falling off $39,638 and Philadelphia $23,836. Of the thirty offices only seven increased their receipts over February, 1896, the increases being slight. They were at San Francisco, Baltimore, Rochester, New Orleans, Newark, Hartford and Richmond. The total receipts for February, 1897, were $2,597,066 and for February, 1896, $2,722,085.

AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

Suit Brought to Annul Its Charter—Corporations Have a Right to Select Selling Agents and to Impose Conditions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TRENTON, N. J., March 12.—In the suit brought to annul the charter of the American Tobacco Company and break up what is known as the Tobacco Trust, Vice Chancellor Reed this morning filed an opinion dismissing the bill and ending the present litigation against the company. In the language of the Vice Chancellor the action was brought "to restrain the defendants from transacting their business and conducting it in a manner prejudicial to the complainants and injurious to the people of the State of New Jersey."

The bill was filed by Attorney General Stockton on the petition of John R. and Frank W. Miller, jobbers in paper cigarettes, with whom the American Tobacco Company refused to deal, according to the allegation of the Millers, because they persisted in also handling the "Admiral" cigarettes, manufactured by a rival corporation. Among other things the bill filed set out that for many years prior to January 21, 1890, the manufacturers composing the American Tobacco Company transacted business independently of each other. The trust was then formed, the capital stock being $35,000,000, and it has been selling 95 per cent. of all the cigarettes sold in the country. The complainants alleged that soon after they began dealing in "Admiral" cigarettes they received a communication from the American Tobacco Company, which expressed its displeasure. This was followed by a refusal of the American Tobacco Company to sell them more goods. Vice Chancellor Reed holds that the Equity Court has no jurisdiction; that the proceedings should have been brought in the nature of *quo warranto*, and that corporations have a right, when legally formed, to deal the same as individuals. The points raised by the complainants and Vice Chancellor Reed's full views may be inferred from the following syllabus, which he has attached to the decision:

1. A court of equity does not possess the power to restrain a corporation organized under the forms of law from performing acts within its corporate power, merely because some of the steps taken in organizing the company may have been irregular or because the purpose of the incorporators may have been to establish a monopoly.

2. Under these conditions *quo warranto* is the proper proceeding to challenge the right of the corporation to exercise its franchise.

3. A corporation, until its charter is annulled by such a proceeding at law, has the same authority as an individual trader or manufacturer to sell or consign its goods, to select its selling agents and to impose conditions as to whom they shall sell and the terms upon which they shall sell.

4. A decree restraining the officers and agents of a corporation from executing corporate acts is the same as a decree enjoining the corporation itself.

CAUSES A RUSH.

Merchants Eager to Withdraw Goods from Bond in Expectation of Increased Duties.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The rush of merchants to the custom house in this city to withdraw goods in bond because of the expected increase of duties under a new tariff law was continued to-day. It was estimated that to-day's withdrawals would reach half a million dollars. Some of the merchants are fearful that a tariff bill may be passed with a retroactive clause or one making its provisions date from its introduction instead of some time after its passage. The following shows the daily payments on withdrawals at this port since the beginning of the month and exhibits the big increase in the last three days: March 1st, $79,907; 2nd, $96,213; 3rd, $76,288; 4th, $81,077; 5th, $76,158; 6th, $47,667; 8th, $80,819; 9th, $108,293; 10th, $354,580; 11th, $478,879.

Loans to the amount of about $1,000,000 are reported to have been obtained from the local banks within a week by merchants who fear an early passage of a new tariff law. The payments have included large withdrawals of woollen goods and of tobacco.

The total amount of duties due on goods in bonded warehouses here is close to $90,000,000.

Among the number of applications for office under the Treasury Department appears the name of James Cobb Crisp, of North Carolina, for Collector of Internal Revenue, Raleigh, N. C.

GOSSIP FROM CARSON.

Referee's Interpretation of Rules Agreed To—Large Delegation of Eastern Sporting Men Arrive—Reported Plot to Loot the Ticket Office.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CARSON, NEV., March 12.—Several knotty problems in connection with the big fight were discussed and solved today, principal among them being the agreement between the fighters as to the Queensbury rules and Dan Stuart's compromise with the Kinetoscope Company. The principals in the main event of the carnival eased off in their work, and a large delegation of sporting men from the East arrived.

Martin Julian, representing Fitzsimmons, and W. A. Brady, acting for Corbett, met George Siler and Dan Stuart in the latter's office this afternoon and took up the question of rules. Each clause of Siler's instructions were taken up and worked over. The first eleven rules of Queensbury were passed upon without a hitch. Rule twelve, touching upon the London prize ring regulations, brought Julian to white heat and he protested strongly, but ineffectually against Siler's judgment, which allowed hitting in clinches with a free hand and also on breakaways. "No man who has followed Fitzsimmons in many of his battles will admit that this style of fighting suits him," asserted the stout manager. "Bob is essentially a puncher and not a wrestler. At long range he is invincible but I will not allow him to go into any 'mixed ale' scraps if I can help it. I thought this fight was to be the most scientific ever fought. Now, why does Corbett want to mix matters up so?"

Julian found nobody ready to agree with him. Brady came to the scratch at the outset and informed all present that Corbett would agree to anything reasonable. Siler, he said, was not Corbett's preference for a referee, but Jim had faith in the gentleman's discretion and honesty and would not squabble over any ruling which was not downright unfair. When Julian realized that he was alone in the controversy he appealed to Dan Stuart for judgment, agreeing to abide by anything the Texan thought was right. Stuart invited Siler into a private room, where they conversed for a few minutes.

"Gentlemen," announced the promoter, "Mr. Julian has given us his word that he will accept my decision in this matter. I hope he knows me well enough to believe that I would not wrong Fitzsimmons in any manner. I am of the opinion that Mr. Siler's interpretation of the rules is absolutely impartial and gives neither of the fighters the slightest advantage. Let it be understood, then, that Corbett and Fitzsimons may hit with a free hand during clinches and that they may also bang away at each other during separation. In short Mr. Siler's instructions are be followed to the letter. I trust this will satisfy you all."

"Very well, then," Julian rejoined, "Let it go at that. I won't kick."

Three hours of fast work on the road this morning left Corbett with plenty of steam for his evening's work. The punching-bag was not touched, but Jim put in a few extra licks with the gloves, after taking three straight games of hand ball from Al. Hampton. He was closely watched by a number of Eastern gentlemen who arrived on the early train and they all pronounced him better able to put up a fight than ever. Many of them were Fitzsimmons' partisans, but they were long faces after seeing Jim drive Woods around the court and knock him groggy, while apparently holding himself back. Corbett was not even breathing hard when he turned in for his rub down. He was a trifle nervous though, and frequently warned his trainers to be careful about running in on him. Edgren rushed him into a corner now and then during the first round and in freeing himself Jim let go stiff ones. He warned Edgren not to force matters too much, and after the big hammer-thrower had taken an astronomical observation or two he stood away at a respectful distance.

The roads about Cook's ranch have dried out beautifully, and Fitzsimmons tried his bicycle this morning. He wheeled fourteen miles before 11 o'clock without a mishap, but his arms appeared to be stiff when he put the gloves on with Hickey. Dan was at his best and Bob did not show up any too well in the bout, Roeber limbered the Australian up a little, and Stenzler came in for some fancy short-arm punches. Clinch after clinch followed in the last set-to and each time Bob showed his short range punching ability in a wonderful manner. If, as Julian asserts, he is a long range puncher, nobody has been able to discover the fact. His method of getting in on a break is totally different from Corbett's. Instead of swinging on his opponent's jaw with a downward and half-circular motion like Jim, he slips up under the guard with a swift and strong upper-cut on the chin.

An obliging friend of Dan Stuart's in San Diego has warned the director general that his box-office is to be looted on the day of the fight. According to the Southern Californian, an organized band of robbers will station themselves around the office and when they think enough money is in sight, guns will be whipped out and all hand stood up. Dan is not losing any sleep over the plot. He was also informed that the Eastern pool rooms had conspired to beat the fight by means of outside information which would reach them ahead of the telegraphic bulletins.

STORMS IN THE WEST.

Railroad Traffic Demoralized—Snow Five to Ten Feet Deep—The Worst Storm in Five Years.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. PAUL, MINN., March 12.—Last night's storm was the greatest of the Winter, the greatest for several Winters in fact. The fall of snow was six inches, and a heavy wind drifted this and the snow already on the ground to ten and fifteen feet. Street railway traffic was completely resumed to-day, but steam railways are still in a state of demoralization. The Pacific coast trains coming into the St. Paul depots this morning presented an appearance seldom seen, even in the wildest kind of a blizzard.

There is from three and one-half to five feet of snow on the ground all over this section. Another cold wave has swept down upon Minnesota, and the Signal Service reports indicate that the temperature will be at least eighteen degrees below zero here in the morning.

ISHPEMING, MICH., March 12.—The worst storm in five years is raging in the upper peninsula. Freight trains are blockaded on both the South Shore and Chicago & Northwestern lines. In some places the snow is from six to ten feet in depth, with drifts rapidly growing larger. The street cars are making no attempt to run and business generally is at a standstill.

George Matthews, who murdered James J. Irwin, at Allens Fresh, Charles county, Md., last August, was executed in the La Platta jail yard yesterday morning. The wonderful nerve displayed by the condemned man throughout his trial and imprisonment continued until the drop fell.

SPRING MEDICINE is a necessity which Hood's Sarsaparilla grandly supplies. It purifies and vitalizes the blood and thus gives tone and strength to the whole system.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills.

AFFAIRS IN THE EAST.

AGREEMENT BETWEEN TURKEY AND GREECE POSSIBLE.

Negotiations Between the Powers Will be Protracted—Renewal of Outbreaks in Asia Minor Imminent—Troops on Frontier Well Equipped.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ATHENS, March 12.—With the abatement of the war fever here there is a growing belief that an amicable agreement between Turkey and Greece with regard to Crete is possible.

PARIS, March 12.—The *Journal* publishes a dispatch from Larissa, on the Turkish frontier of Greece, saying that the Greek troops there and at Mikala number 25 000. The equipment of the men is perfect, their magazines are filled with ammunition and they are well provisioned. The enthusiasm of the men, the dispatch says, is indescribable. The same authority states that within a small area across the Turkish frontier there are 15,000 insurgents awaiting the signal from Greece to rise against the Sultan's Government.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 12.—The general belief here is that the negotiations between the Powers over the reply of Greece to their demands will be protracted. Meanwhile a renewal of the outbreaks in Asia Minor is imminent, and Sir Philip Currie, the British Ambassador, has called the Porte's attention to the state of affairs existing there with a view of averting the atrocities which are threatened. The Christians in Anatolia are in a deplorable condition and consequently subjected to outrages. It is feared that a massacre will occur at Payas, where the situation is extremely critical. It is reported from Erzeroum that large bodies of Russian troops are being concentrated on the Armenian frontier in the direction of Sarikemysh, in the district of Kars.

LONDON, March 13.—It is asserted on excellent authority that the Powers are exchanging views in regard to presenting a fresh note to Greece, giving notice of their intention to resort to coercive measures to enforce their demands if Greece does not comply at once, and also to maintain a blockade of Greek ports. France, it is understood, is the only Power showing any reluctance to take part in a blockade, and if she refuses to participate, the blockade will be undertaken without her.

BERLIN, March 13.—The Budget Commitee of the Reichstag to-day approved the Government's estimate of 20 000,000 marks for the purpose of building new battleships. It is regarded as doubtful, however, that the credits demanded by the Government for the construction of two additional cruisers will be passed by the Reichstag.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

The Gain Nearly Devoid of Elements Which Involve Unsoundness and Probable Reaction—Money Matters Continue Favorable to Industrial Recovery.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 12.—R. G. Dun & Co. will say to-morrow in their weekly review of trade: It is a curious illustration of human nature, this continued discouragement even while the increase of productive industries and of legitimate business steadily grows. No genuine or lasting improvement could come otherwise than slowly and step by step, after such a depression as the past four years have witnessed, and the most hopeful feature of the situation is that the gain is so nearly devoid of elements which involve unsoundness and probable reaction. The money markets continue especially favorable to industrial recovery, and there is no such speculative epidemic as to lock up an excessive share of available capital.

Cotton is not active, though a sixteenth higher, for the curtailment of consumption by many mills does not yet help prices in the least, nor the suspension of print-cloth reports, and dealers so generally hold back orders for other goods that the tone is weak. The speculation in wool continues, and sales for the two weeks have been 17,903,900 pounds, whereas the largest previous sales for the same period were 13,017,676 pounds in 1892. While there is much trade between dealers, manufacturers show by purchasing far beyond their present wants the belief that larger business is coming.

The volume of business shown by clearings is but 18 per cent. smaller than last year. Failures for the past week have been 356 in the United States, against 300 last year, and 61 in Canada, against 60 last year.

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Quitman, Ga., Swept by Flames—Seventeen Business Enterprises Burned Out.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, March 13.—A special to the *Morning News* from Quitman, Ga., says: The most destructive fire ever seen in Quitman occurred this afternoon. The fire alarm was sounded about 3 o'clock. The fire started in a large wooden building occupied by the Blount Turpentine Tool Company and the Tower Machine and Handle factory, and Bridgers' blacksmith and carriage factory. The building was a regular plunder shop, and it required only a few minutes for the flames to consume it. A stiff wind was blowing, and for a time it looked as if the whole business portion of the town would go. Seventeen business enterprises were burned out. The heaviest individual losses were Walker Bros. & Co., $4 000, and Stewart & Wilson, $3,000. Total loss about $30 000; one-half insured.

AN EMBEZZLER

Voluntarily Confesses and is Sentenced to Two Years' Imprisonment.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 12.—Hugh Campbell, secretary and treasurer of the Bee Hive Savings and Loan Association of this city, voluntarily went before the grand jury yesterday and confessed that he had embezzled $3 and $4 weekly for several years from the Association, giving the share-holders proper credit, but changing the amounts on his books. The grand jury indicted him for embezzlement. He at once entered a plea of guilty and was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

RECORD BROKEN.

Train on the Plant System Makes an Average of Seventy-Two Miles an Hour.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 12.—The Plant system broke the 100 mile fast record in the South to-day with a special train, which made the run between Savannah and Charleston, 108 miles, in ninety minutes. The average speed was seventy-two miles an hour. The special was run for Rittenhouse Moore, a large contractor, in order to reach Charleston in time to file a bid for Government work.

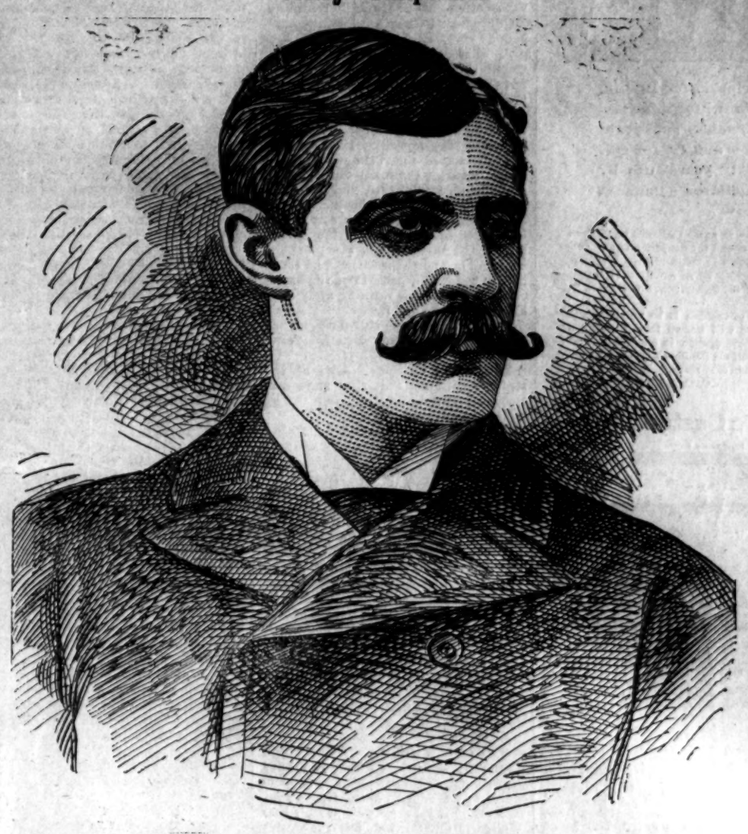
CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

MAKES THE WEAK STRONG!

The Foremost Athletic Trainer in America Recommends Paine's Celery Compound.



John Graham is the foremost man in American athletics.

It was he who managed the successful team from this country that attracted world-wide attention in the recent Olympic games at Athens.

Formerly trainer for Columbia college, then for Princeton and finally for Harvard university, Mr. Graham had much to do with raising the standard of collegiate sports. A small army of gentlemen have been guided by him since he left Harvard and took his present position, superintendent of the famous gymnasium of the Boston athletic association.

Three of his proteges, White, Brewer and McCarthy, have just won the New England championship at the mile, quarter-mile and five-mile run. He has trained Weeks of Brown university, one of the best college sprinters in the country.

Many another student of what makes men and women strong has used and has recommended Paine's celery compound as the best known remedy for those who are weak and dispirited, the overworked and enfeebled persons who are most concerned in the general awakening of interest in outdoor exercise and indoor attention to the proper rules of health.

It was the ablest professor of medicine and surgery in any college, that giant among men, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth College, who after years of patient investigation and study, assisted by all that was best in the progress of medical science at home and abroad, first discovered the wonderful formula of Paine's celery compound.

There was no doubt of the interest that would be awakened at once by the announcement of any discovery by Prof. Phelps. The formula from the first was furnished to the best physicians, and forthwith this remarkable Paine's celery compound was personally used and professionally prescribed by them. The result of the closest investigation might have been expected. It soon required a considerable industry to produce the remedy, and rapidly but steadily, without ceasing, the demand for Paine's celery compound has increased, until to-day there is no other remedy that in comparison begins to hold half the public attention that it holds.

In untold number of cases where every other remedy har been tried and failed, Paine's celery compound has attained the wished-for results, making the weak strong, purifying the blood, rebuilding the worn-out nervous tissue, curing chronic sickness, proving a never-failing and permanent relief for rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney diseases and disorders of the liver, all due to the impairment of the person's nervous system, the consequent impoverishment of the blood and the breaking down in consequence of some particular organ.

When Mr. Graham, writing Jan. 18, 1897, said: "I have used Paine's celery compound to my benefit, and I have no doubt that any person undergoing great physical and mental strain would find it of great service. For students especially it ought to be of great value."—When so prominent a student of bodily health, who has no equal, unless, perhaps, one mentions Dr. Sargent of Harvard, with whose methods Mr. Graham became well acquainted at Harvard—when Mr. Graham says bluntly that after his experience he believes others would find Paine's celery compound of great service, what man or woman out of perfect health can afford to neglect his well considered and expert advice!

There is no doubt that Paine's celery compound cleans the blood of eczema, salt rheum and such humors, not only in the spring, that is so favorable a time, but at any time during the year, so thoroughly that nothing further is ever heard of them.

Paine's celery compound has been tested, tried, scrutinized and heartily approved by so many impartial physicians and men and women whose word in any matter would not be questioned for a moment, that one must be stubborn-minded indeed who prefers to mope around half sick instead of verifying these positive, straightforward statements.

The Chicago hotel, corner Washington and Exchange streets, Buffalo, N. Y., was damaged by fire at 3.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Three persons lost their lives and two were injured.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

Wanted—Lady or Gentleman to take orders for a reliable firm, $10 weekly guaranteed. L. C. Holland, 9 Chestnut street. I leave Monday afternoon. mar 13 1t*

For Rent—Dwelling corner of Front and Grace streets. A good Piano for sale or rent. A platform and counter Scale and a good Safe for sale by I. T. Alderman, 318 North Front street, feb 20 1m

Wanted—Travelling salesman to sell most complete line of Lubricating Oils, specialties, etc., on the market. Salary or commision. Atlantic Refining Co., Cleveland, Ohio. mar 10 6t

For Sale—100 bushels pure norton yam slips. Apply to the undersigned at Phœnix. F. M. Moore. mar 10 6t*

L. K. Williams, 128 Market street, does first-class Laundry. Many people prefer Chinese laundry to any other. Try him. Shirts 10c, Collars 2c, Cuffs 2c. Satisfaction guaranteed. mar 10 tf

"The Old Soldier's Dream" is for sale at Book Stores and News Stands. Price 10 cents. Read it mar 10 D6t W1t

I manufacture my Candy and guarantee it to be pure. Choice Taffy at only 10 cents per pound. Oranges, Apples, Bananas and other Fruit at prices to please the public. Andrew Mavronichols, 705 North Fourth street, mar 7 tf

M. C. Benson, No. 5 South Water street, makes a specialty of Beef Cattle, Mutton and Milk Cows. Consignments of country produce solicited. Seven years experience. Give me a trial. mar 6 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. 281

NOTICE.

Still they come. Besides a good lot of Mules already on hand, a fresh car load of Horses and Mules just arrived to-day. The good kind, the kind that everybody wants. And when you want bargains, and to get the worth of your money, come down to the Horse Exchange, No. 112 and 114 Water street where you will find me and the best and cheapest Horses and Mules in the city.

F. T. MILLS.

mar 12 3t

We Will Duplicate Any Order

FOR RUBBER STAMPS, AND WILL GUARantee first class work. Mail orders promptly attended to. WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS, 15 Princess street.

BAGLEY & FULFORD, Props.

Bell Phone 240. mar 7 tf

Buggies and Harness.

TO MY FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC:

Having disposed of all of my Horses and Mules, I will now give my entire attention to the BUGGY AND HARNESS business, and will make it to the advantage of every one who contemplates making a purchase in my line if they will give me a trial. I have catalogues from the leading manufacturers of HIGH GRADE VEHICLES AND HARNESS, and if I have not got on hand exactly what you want you can make your selection from catalogue and I will take your order and save you money and trouble.

J. A. MONTGOMERY,

No. 118 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. mar 4 1m

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Jute Bagging,

Arrow Ties,

Cheese, Crackers, Cakes, Salmon, Sardines, Oysters.

Full and complete stock of

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Don t fail to see us before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

aug 29 tf

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

S. P. COWAN & CO.

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses.

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE SUperior Court of New Hanover county, made in the case of J. D Bellamy, Jr., vs. W. W. Harriss, Jr., and wife, the undersigned will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, on Monday, the 22nd day of March, 1897, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, N. C., the following described property, to-wit:

1.—An undivided 1-3 interest in the following described lot of Land, situate in the City of Wilmington: Beginning 90 feet from the northwestern corner from Fifth and Orange streets, runs thence north with the east line of Fifth street 66 feet; thence west parallel with Orange street 165 feet, thence south parallel with Fifth street 66 feet, thence east 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 5, Block 163.

2.—All the right, title and interest of the said W. W. Harriss, Jr., and wife in the following described tract of Land, situate in New Hanover county, North Carolina, to-wit: Beginning at the head of Berry's Mill Pond, or Creek, at the head of a Meadow, thence running east 90 poles to the Sound Road, thence north along said road 50 poles to a stake, thence west 150 poles to a stake in said Creek, or Branch, thence up said Creek or Branch to the first station, containing 50 acres, more or less.

JAS. W. SNEEDEN, Commissioner.

February 19th, 1897. 4w feb 20 4t

Executrix Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTRIX of the last Will and Testament of John Maunder, deceased, I hereby notify all persons indebted to my said testator to make immediate payment to me, and those to whom my said testator is indebted will present their claims to me before the 25th day of February, 1898, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. This the 20th day of February, 1897.

MARTHA F. MAUNDER, Executrix.

A. J. MARSHALL, Attorney.

feb 21 6w

Wines and Liquors.

Just Received

A large stock of the following

Wines & Liquors:

Native N. C. Scuppernong Wine.
Cooking Sherry Wine.
Duff Gordon's Wine, imported.
G. H. Mumm's Champagne.
Werner's Champagne.
Cochrane & Cantrel's Ginger Ale.
Bass' Ale.
Guiness' Stout.
Old Breezeland Rye.
Pure native North Carolina Mountain Corn Whiskey.
Apple and Peach Brandy.
At low prices. Give us a call.

SOL. BEAR,

No. 18 Market Street,

dec 23 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Mercer & Evans

Keep Something Nice for the Little Folks.



They have just received shipments of Babies' first SHOES (soft) as well as various kinds of other Infant Shoes. Also KNEE PROTECTORS for little folks, which saves the Mames so much vexatious darning and mending of stockings at the knees. $1.50 for choice in our window. Take a look!

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

feb 24 tf 115 Princess Street.

COAL! COAL!!

No other coal in the world is equal to

Southern Jellico

and the

Virginia Coals,

which we are selling at the very low price of

$4.50 per ton, $2.25 half ton and $1.25 for a quarter of a ton,

delivered anywhere in the city for the cash.

W. E. WORTH & CO.

Telephone 94. jan 22 tf

RIBBONS AND SHIRTS.

100 Pieces all Silk, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbon 1 and 1¼ inches wide, in all colors, choice for 5 cents a yard.

100 Pieces all Silk, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbon 2 and 2¼ inches wide, in all colors, choice for 10 cents a yard.

50 Pieces all Silk, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbon 1¾ inches wide, in all colors, for 15c a yard.

50 Pieces all Silk Black Taffeta Ribbon 2¼ and 2¾ inches wide, for 13 and 17 cents a yard.

25 Pieces all Silk Black Taffeta Ribbon, 3 inches wide, for 20 cents a yard.

25 Pieces all Silk Taffeta Ribbons, in colors, 3 and 4 inches wide, for 25 and 30 cents a yard.

20 Pieces Novelty Ribbon, new patterns, 3¼ inches wide, all colors, for 13 cents a yard.

15 Pieces all Silk Novelty Ribbon, in colors, 3¼ inches wide, 25 cents a yard.

15 Pieces Black Figured Gros Grain Ribbon, 2¼ inches wide, only 10 cents a yard.

10 Pieces Black all Silk, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbon, 4 inches wide, 25 cents a yard.

10 Pieces Black all Silk, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbon, extra heavy quality, 2¼ inches wide, for 25 cents a yard.

25 Pieces Black Double-faced Satin Ribbon, 2, 2¼ and 2¼ inches wide, only 17c, 22c and 25 cents a yard.

50 Pieces Black Gros Grain Ribbon, all Silk, 2, 2¼, 2¾ and 3¼ inches wide, only 15c, 19c, 25 and 30 cents a yard.

These are new Ribbons just received. Also a new lot of Corsets and Cloth Caps, Gents' Laundered Negligee Shirts, worth 50 cents for 25 cents.

This is without doubt the greatest sale of Ribbons ever held in Wilmington.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

mar 4 tf 118 Market St.



1874. 1897.

Turpentine Stills.

McMillan Bros.,

Fayetteville, N. C.,

Savannah, Ga., and Mobile, Ala.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Turpentine Stills

AND

General Metal Workers

EXTRA

KETTLES, WORMS, CAPS ARMS

AND BOTTOMS,

and Patch Copper kept in stock.

Special attention given to work in the country. Old Stills taken in exchange for new work.

When in want of anything in our line address us at above named places. jan 22 tf

E. R. Potatoes.

50 Barrels E. R. Potatoes.
40 Bags nice 10c Coffee.
25 Cream Cheese.
10 Barrels Quail Candy.
170 Barrels New Molasses.
25 Barrels Syrup.
200 Bags Virginia Meal.

W. B. COOPER,

mar 7 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Cash Paid

—FOR—

Beeswax.

If you have some to sell ship it to us and we will allow you

26 CENTS PER POUND

for it in Boston and no charge for commission or for carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,

Boston, Mass.,

dec 28 3m Office and Warehouse 149 Pearl street.

Fox River Butter.

40 Tubs large and small of Fox River Butter.
5 Barrels Turnips.
5 Tons Mapes' celebrated Truck Manures.

And piles of all other goods in my line.

D. L. GORE.

mar 13 tf 120, 122 & 124 North Water street.

Potatoes, Potatoes,

IRISH EATING POTATOES,

SWEET POTATOES and

Early Rose Seed Potatoes.

A few barrels choice Houlton Rose left. Order early before they are gone.

Baldwin and Russett Apples.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

mar 3 D&W tf